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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Triethylborane Product Name:

Product Type: Liquid 97-94-9 **CAS Number: Product Number:** B7949

Recommended Use: Laboratory chemicals, synthesis of substances.

Product Manufacturer: Ereztech LLC

11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100

Johns Creek, GA 30097

Product Information: (888) 658-1221

In Case of an Emergency: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA);

> +1 703-527-3887 (International); CCN836180 *** Contact manufacturer for all non-emergency calls.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Colorless liquid, odor not determined. Appearance/Odor:

Classification: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2, H225

PYROPHORIC LIQUIDS - Category 1, H250 ACUTE TOXICITY, ORAL – Category 3, H301

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A, H314

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1, H318

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms:



Signal Word: DANGER

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. **Hazard Statements:**

H250: Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

| Precautionary | Statements |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| | |
| | |

Prevention:

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P222: Do not allow contact with air.

P231: Handle and store contents under inert gas.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/handling equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260: Do not breathe sprays, mists, vapors or gases.

P264 + P265: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P301 + P316: IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P301 + P330 + P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

P302 + P334: IF ON SKIN: Immerse in cool water or wrap in wet bandages.

P302 + P361 + P354: IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately rinse with water for several minutes.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Removed person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P354 + P338: IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P316: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P330: Rinse mouth.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam to extinguish.

P403 + P235: Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Response:

Storage:

Disposal:

OSHA/HCS Status:

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC):

None identified.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance Type: Mono-constituent.

Synonyms: Triethylboron; Bet3; TEB.

Formula: $C_6H_{15}B$ Molecular Weight: 97.99 g/mol.

EC-No.: 97.99 g/mo

| Component Name | % | CAS Number |
|-----------------------|------|-------------------|
| <u>Triethylborane</u> | ≥ 98 | 97-94-9 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

General Advice: Move out of dangerous area. Get emergency medical help immediately. Show

this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical help immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get emergency

medical help immediately.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Rinse for a minimum of 15 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses after initial rinse period and continue rinsing for an additional 15 minutes. Keep eyes wide open during rinsing process. Get emergency medical

help immediately.

Skin Contact: Remove all contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off contaminated skin with

plenty of water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Thoroughly clean and dry

contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy/discard contaminated shoes. In the

event of complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get emergency

medical help immediately.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Rescuer should

wear a mask or self-contained breathing apparatus if it is suspected that fumes are still present. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

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Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation (cont.): Do not use the mouth-to-mouth method of resuscitation if victim ingested or

inhaled the product; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Get emergency medical help immediately.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth, and then give water to drink (two glasses at most). Do NOT

induce vomiting. Remove dentures if any. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If person is not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, see the "Inhalation" first aid measures

noted above. Get emergency medical help immediately.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute And Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

Eye Contact: Product causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include watering,

redness, pain, swelling of the eyelids, inability to keep eye open, blurred vison

and temporary/permanent loss of vision.

Skin Contact: Skin contact with this product may be expected to cause severe chemical

burns. Symptoms may include reddening of skin, a burning or itching

sensation, pain, blistering and tissue necrosis.

Inhalation: Product is extremely corrosive to mucous membranes and tissues of the upper

respiratory tract. Symptoms may include a burning sensation, coughing, coughing up blood (hemoptysis), wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath/difficulty in breathing (dyspnea), blueness (cyanosis) of lips and skin, nausea,

headaches, disorientation, general weakness and loss of consciousness.

Ingestion: Product is toxic if ingested. Ingestion may be expected to result in burns of

the mouth and throat and potential perforation of the esophagus and stomach. Symptoms may include pain when swallowing (odynophagia), difficulty swallowing (dysphagia), fever, nausea, recurrent vomiting (emesis)

and vomiting of blood (hematemesis). Severe burns which may be accompanied by perforation of the esophagus and stomach may present

additional symptoms of abdominal pain/rigidity, chest and/or back pain.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically.

Specific Treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of First Responders: No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk

without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation; see

"Inhalation" first aid measures.

See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

General Hazards: None identified.

Explosion Hazards:

Suitable Extinguishing Media: THE MOST EFFECTIVE FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT IS DRY

CHEMICAL POWDER PRESSURIZED WITH NITROGEN. Carbon dioxide (CO₂) or alcohol-resistant foam may also be

used.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Use of a water stream may be ineffective and may serve to

spread the fire.

Unusual Fire and Product is pyrophoric and ignites spontaneously when

exposed to air. In case of fire, reignition may occur after the fire has been extinguished. Vapors/gases released under fire

conditions form explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures. Product runoff to sewer may create a fire or explosion hazard. Vapors and gases are heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low

or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to an

ignition source and flashback.

Product of Combustion: Decomposition products include carbon oxides (CO_X) , and borane/boron oxide fumes. Irritating fumes and organic acid

vapors may be generated during exposure to elevated

temperatures or open flame.

Protection of Firefighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the

vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Prevent contact with skin or eyes. Prevent the formation and

inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases.

Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Move containers from fire area if process can be accomplished without risk to firefighters. To reduce the possibility of

explosion, use a water spray or fog to reduce direct vapors and to cool unopened containers. Do not cut, grind, drill or weld on or near product containers (even empty) of this

product because an explosion may result.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full

face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

Additional Information: Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

waters or ground water systems.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take action to prevent static discharges. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Beware of vapors accumulating in low areas to form explosive concentrations. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Prevent the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases. Provide adequate ventilation or wear respiratory protection. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For Emergency Responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency Personnel".

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent spilled material and firefighting runoff from entering the surrounding environment (soil contact, entry into drains, sewers and waterways). Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for Containment
General:

Product is pyrophoric and ignites spontaneously when exposed to air. Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Move containers from spill area if safe to do so. Prevent the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. In the event of combustion: use specified extinguishing media or cover spillage with a dry, extinguishing material (e.g. alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical) and allow time for decomposition or for fire to burn out (see Section 5 Firefighting Measures). Dispose of collected inert spillage in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

Small Spill: Collect spillage with a dry, non-combustible, absorbent material

(e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in

dry, sealed container for disposal.

Large Spill: Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water

courses, basements or confined areas.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Large Spill (cont.):

Contain and collect spillage with a dry, non-combustible, absorbent material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed container for disposal.

Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions: Product is pyrophoric; handle under a dry, inert gas. Nitrogen

with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is

recommended. Prevent the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases. Prevent contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep container tightly sealed. Do not ingest. Avoid

prolonged exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section **Protective Measures:**

8). Keep in the original container kept tightly closed when not in

use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be

hazardous. Do not reuse container.

General Occupational Hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Safe Storage Conditions:

Product is pyrophoric; store under a dry, inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen and a temperature range of 2 – 8 °C is recommended. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store locked up.

Section 8. **Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

Introductory Remarks:

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. While developing safe handling procedures, do not overlook the need to clean equipment and conduct regular repairs. Waste from these procedures should be handled in accordance with Section 13.

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Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits: Product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials

with occupational exposure limits established by the region

specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Controls: Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous

chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100

feet per minute. Provide an eyewash/shower station.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should

be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

levels.

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene Measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately. Do not inhale or ingest sprays or mists. Prevent contact with eyes and skin. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to sprays and mists. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles, faceshield (8-inch minimum). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133, ANSI Z87.1, or European Standard EN166.

Eye/Face Protection:

Skin Protection

Hand Protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical-resistant gloves.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Hand Protection (cont.): Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove

> removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. For full contact,

wear Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Other Skin Protection: Appropriate footwear (closed toed) and a flame-retardant lab

> coat or apron should be worn when handling pyrophoric substances. Any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity discharges, wear anti-static, flame retardant protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static

discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots

and gloves.

Respiratory Protection: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are

appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as

NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Physical and Chemical Properties Section 9.

Liquid. **Physical State:**

Odor:

Colorless. Color: No data available.

Odor Threshold: No data available.

pH: No data available.

- 92 °C (- 134 °F). **Melting Point:**

95 °C (203 °F). **Boiling Point:**

- 36 °C (- 33 °F). Flash Point:

- 20 °C (- 4 °F). **Auto-ignition temperature:**

Vapor Pressure: 15 hPa @ 0 °C (32 °F).

51 hPa @ 20 °C (68 °F).

No data available. Vapor Density:

0.677 g/ml @ 25 °C (77 °F) - lit. **Specific Gravity:**

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Water Solubility: Decomposes slowly at room temperature.

Evaporation Rate:Viscosity:
No data available.
No data available.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Product is pyrophoric and ignites spontaneously when

exposed to air.

Chemical Stability: This product is stable when stored under a dry, inert

atmosphere and away from heat. Nitrogen containing less

than 5 ppm each moisture and air and a temperature

range of 2 – 8 °C is recommended.

Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to air and sources of heat.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire

conditions: carbon oxides (CO_X) and borane/boron oxide fumes. Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may be generated during exposure to elevated temperatures or

open flame. In the event of a fire: see Section 5.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

| Component | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|----------------|-----------|---------|-----------|----------|
| Triethylborane | LD50 Oral | Rat | 235 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion: No specific data available. Product is extremely corrosive

to mucous membranes and to the tissues of the skin and

eyes.

Sensitization: No specific data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:No specific data available.

Carcinogenity

| Component | CAS No | ACGIH | IARC | NTP | OSHA |
|----------------|---------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Triethylborane | 97-94-9 | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed |

Reproductive Toxicity:No specific data available. **Teratogenicity:**No specific data available.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Respiratory tract irritation.

(Single Exposure)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity: No specific data available.

(Repeat Exposure)

Routes of Exposure:

Aspiration Hazard: No specific data available.

Information on the Likely Common routes of exposure: inhalation, dermal (failure

to use skin protection), eye (failure to use safety eyewear). Less common: ingestion (failure to employ recommended hygiene measures (e.g. smoking or eating after handling product without washing hands or using

hand protection).

Additional Information: To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical and

toxicological properties of this product have not been

thoroughly investigated.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: The impact of this product on the environment has not

been tested.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity: No specific data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradability: No specific data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No specific data available.

Mobility in Soil: No specific data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment: PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety

assessment not required/not conducted.

Endocrine Disrupting Properties: No specific data available.

Other Adverse Effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the

event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Treatment Methods

Product: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal

regulations. Refer to 40 CFR 260-299 for complete waste disposal regulations. Consult your local, state, or

federal agency before disposing of any chemicals.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Contaminated Packaging:

Empty containers retain product residue (solids and dusts) and can be dangerous. Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14. Transport Information

| | DOT | IMDG | IATA | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| UN Number | UN2845 | UN2845 | UN2845 | |
| UN Proper Shipping Name | Pyrophoric liquid, organic, n.o.s. (Triethylborane) | PYROPHORIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Triethylborane) | Pyrophoric liquid, organic, n.o.s. (Triethylborane) | |
| Transport Hazard Classes | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | |
| Packing Group | I | I | I | |
| Environmental Hazards | - | - | - | |
| Additional Information | | EMS-No: F-G, S-M | IATA Passenger: Not permitted for transport. IATA Cargo: Not permitted for transport. | |

Special Precautions for User:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

This product as supplied is listed as "Active" on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Inventory (TSCA Inventory).

This product as supplied is not subject to the TSCA Significant New Use Rule.

This product as supplied is not subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SARA 302 Components

This product does not contain any components which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 304 Components

This product does not contain any components which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 304 RQ.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard (Flammable liquid), Reactivity Hazard (Pyrophoric liquid), Acute Health Hazard (Acute Toxicity – Ingestion; Skin Corrosion or Irritation; Serious Eye Damage or Eye Irritation).

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act

Not applicable.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

US Department of Homeland Security (DHS)

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

US Department of Transportation (DOT)

| Component | Reportable Quantity | DOT Marine Pollutant | DOT Severe Marine Pollutant |
|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Triethylborane | No | No | No |

US State Right-to-Know Listings

| Component | Massachusetts | New Jersey | Pennsylvania | Illinois | Rhode Island |
|----------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| Triethylborane | - | - | Χ | - | - |

[&]quot;X" - Listed.

US State Chemicals of High Concern Listings

| Component | Maine | Vermont | Washington |
|----------------|-------|---------|------------|
| Triethylborane | - | - | - |

[&]quot;X" - Listed.

California Proposition 65 Components

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

Section 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

HMIS Rating

| 1 | HEALTH | 3 |
|---|-----------------|---|
| | FLAMMABILITY | 4 |
| | PHYSICAL HAZARD | 4 |

History

Date of Issue/Date of Revision: 10/3/2025.

Date of Previous Issue: None.

References: None available

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate (per Chapter 3.1 of GHS 10 standard).

BEI : Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH).

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CHRIS : Chemical Hazards Response Information System (US DOT).

CLP : Classification, Labeling and Packaging (European Union (EU)).

DOT : US Department of Transportation.

EC-No. : The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list is the source of the seven digit

EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available with the EU (European

Union).

Section 16. Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms (cont.)

EINECS : European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

EHS : Extremely Hazardous Substance.

ELINCS : European List of Notified Chemical Substances.

GHS : Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

HAP : Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act).HMIS : Hazardous Materials Identification System.

HNOC : Hazards Not Otherwise Classified.

IARC : International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR : Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association"

(IATA).

IDLH : Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (US National Institute for Occupation Health

and Safety (NIOSH)).

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

IP : Intraperitoneal.
IV : Intravenous.

NFPA : National Fire Protection Association.

NIOSH : National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health.

NSRL : No Significant Risk Levels.
NTP : National Toxicology Program.

ODS : Ozone Depleting Substances (US Clean Air Act).

OECD : Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development.

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit.

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PBT : Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

PEL : Permissible Exposure Limits.
REL : Recommended Exposure Limits.

RQ : Reportable Quantity.

SARA : Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

STEL (ST) : Short Term Exposure Limit (ACGIH/NIOSH)

STOT : Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
 TLV : Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH).
 TPQ : Threshold Planning Quantity.
 TWA : Time Weighted Average.
 VOC : Volatile Organic Compound.

vPvB : Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (AIHA).

Disclaimer

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Ereztech LLC regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Ereztech LLC shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Section 16. Other Information

Disclaimer (cont.)

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

