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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product Name: <u>Copper(I) acetate</u>

Product Type: Solid

CAS Number: 598-54-9
Product Number: CU8549

Recommended Use: Laboratory chemicals, synthesis of substances.

Product Manufacturer: Ereztech LLC

11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100

Johns Creek, GA 30097

Product Information: 1-888-658-1221

In Case of an Emergency: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA);

+1 703-527-3887 (International); CCN836180
*** Contact manufacturer for all non-emergency calls.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Appearance/Odor:

Classification:

Pale green to yellow to brown powder, odor not determined.

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2, H315

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION – Category 2A, H319

SPECIFIC ORGAN TOXICITY, SINGLE EXPOSURE; RESPIRATORY

TRACT IRRITATION - Category 3, H335

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms:



Signal Word: WARNING

Hazard Statements: H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: P261: Avoid breathing dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases.

P264 + P265: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after

handling. Do not touch eyes.

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Section 2. Hazards Identification

Prevention (cont.): P271: Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.

P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection/ face protection.

P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Response:

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep

comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P319: Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P332 + P317: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help. P337 + P317: If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

P403 + P233: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container Storage:

tightly closed.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with federal, Disposal:

state and local regulations.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard **OSHA/HCS Status:**

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Hazards Not Otherwise None identified.

Classified (HNOC):

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance Type: Mono-constituent.

Cuprous acetate; Copper acetate; Copper monoacetate; Synonyms:

Copper(1+) acetate; Acetic Acid Copper(I) Salt.

C₂H₃CuO₂ Formula: 122.59 g/mol. Molecular Weight: EC-No.: 209-938-7

Component Name	%	CAS Number
Copper(I) acetate	≥ 98	598-54-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

General Advice: Move out of dangerous area. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get

> medical help immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical help if symptoms develop or if you feel unwell. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and **Eye Contact:**

lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue

rinsing. Get medical help if eye irritation develops and persists.

Skin Contact: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off contaminated

skin with plenty of water. Get medical help if irritation develops and persists.

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not Inhalation:

> breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical help if

symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Remove dentures if any. If vomiting

> occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical help if

symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision. **Eye Contact:**

Skin Contact: Symptoms may include an itching or burning sensation, reddening, swelling and

blistering with tissue necrosis.

Inhalation: Product may be irritating to respiratory system. Symptoms may include

coughing, sneezing with phlegm production, sore throat, nausea, headache,

vomiting.

Ingestion: Product may be expected to be irritating to mucous membranes. Symptoms may

include cramping, localized pain, headache, nausea and vomiting.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically.

No specific treatment. **Specific Treatments:**

Protection of First Responders: No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk

without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

General Hazards: None identified.

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Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing measures and media that are appropriate to

the local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing

agents are given.

Unusual Fire and None identified.

Explosion Hazards:

Product of Combustion: Carbon oxides (CO_x) and copper oxides. Irritating fumes and

organic acid vapors may be generated during exposure to

elevated temperatures or open flame.

Protection of Firefighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the

vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Avoid the formation and

inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases.

To reduce the possibility of explosion, use a water spray or fog

to reduce direct vapors and to cool unopened containers.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-

piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

Additional Information: Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

waters or ground water systems.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep

unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Provide

adequate ventilation.

For Emergency Responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take

note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency

Personnel".

Environmental Precautions: Prevent spilled material and firefighting runoff from entering

the surrounding environment (soil contact, entry into drains, sewers and waterways). Inform the relevant authorities if the

product has caused environmental pollution (sewers,

waterways, soil or air).

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Methods for Containment

General: Move containers from spill area if safe to do so. Avoid the

> formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Dispose of collected spillage in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Contaminated binding material may pose

the same hazard as the spilled product.

Collect spillage with a dry, binding material (e.g. dry sand, **Small Spill:**

vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed

container for disposal.

Large Spill: Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers,

> water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with a dry, binding material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed

container for disposal.

Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Product is air/moisture/light sensitive; handle under a dry, inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Avoid formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Keep container tightly sealed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid prolonged exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Protective Measures:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Keep in the original container kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

General Occupational Hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Safe Storage Conditions:

Product is air/moisture/light sensitive; store under an inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry and well-ventilated area, away from

incompatible materials and food and drink.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Safe Storage Conditions (cont.):

Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

Store locked up.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Introductory Remarks:

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. While developing safe handling procedures, do not overlook the need to clean equipment and conduct regular repairs. Waste from these procedures should be handled in accordance with Section 13.

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	List	Type	Value
Copper(I) acetate	598-54-9	NIOSH	REL	1 mg/m ³ TWA

Engineering Controls:

Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute. Provide an eyewash/shower station.

Environmental Exposure Controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene Measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately. Avoid the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation's location.

Eye/Face Protection:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to dusts and aerosols. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles, faceshield (8-inch minimum). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133, ANSI Z87.1, or European Standard EN166.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Skin Protection

Hand Protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemicalresistant gloves.

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. For full contact, wear Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Other Skin Protection:

Respiratory Protection:

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid (powder).

Color: Pale green to yellow to brown powder.

Not determined. Odor: **Odor Threshold:** No data available. No data available. pH: 250 °C (482 °F).

Melting Point:

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Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling Point:

Flash Point:

Decomposition Point:

No data available.

Density: 2.52 g/cm³

Vapor Pressure: No data available.
Vapor Density: No data available.

Water Solubility: Rapidly hydrolyzes in water.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No additional information available.

Chemical Stability: This product is stable when stored under a dry, inert atmosphere and away from heat. Nitrogen containing less

Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to air, water/moisture, and direct sunlight.

Strong oxidizing agents, alkali metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: carbon oxides (CO_x) and copper oxides.

Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may be generated during exposure to elevated temperatures or

open flame. In the event of a fire: see Section 5.

than 5 ppm each moisture and air is recommended.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Hazardous reactions or instability

may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: No specific data available.

Irritation/Corrosion: Product causes skin irritation and serious eye irritation.

Sensitization:

No specific data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

No specific data available.

Carcinogenicity

Incompatible Materials:

Component	CAS No	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Copper(I) acetate	598-54-9	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

Reproductive Toxicity:No specific data available.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Teratogenicity: No specific data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Respiratory tract irritation.

(Single Exposure)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity: No specific data available. **(Repeated Exposure)**

Aspiration Hazard: No specific data available.

Information on the Likely

Common routes of exposure: inhalation (failure to prevent dust formation), dermal (failure to use skin

prevent dust formation), dermal (failure to use skin protection), eye (failure to use safety eyewear). Less common: ingestion (failure to employ recommended hygiene measures (e.g. smoking after handling product

without washing hands or using hand protection).

Additional Information: Symptoms of systemic copper poisoning may include:

capillary damage, headache, vomiting, cold sweat, weak pulse, anemia, kidney/liver damage, central nervous system excitation followed by depression, jaundice, convulsions, paralysis, and coma. Death may occur from

shock or renal failure. Chronic copper poisoning is typified by hepatic cirrhosis, brain damage and demyelination, kidney defects, and copper deposition in the cornea as exemplified by humans with Wilson's

disease. It has also been reported that copper poisoning has led to hemolytic anemia and accelerates

arteriosclerosis.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: The impact of this product on the environment has not

been tested.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity: No specific data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradability: No specific data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No specific data available.

Mobility in Soil: No specific data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment: PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety

assessment not required/not conducted.

Endocrine Disrupting Properties: No specific data available.

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Section 12. Ecological Information

Other Adverse Effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Treatment Methods

Product: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal

regulations. Refer to 40 CFR 260-299 for complete waste

disposal regulations. Consult your local, state, or federal agency

before disposing of any chemicals.

Empty containers retain product residue (dust) and can be **Contaminated Packaging:**

dangerous. Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14. Transport Information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name		-	-
Transport Hazard Classes			
Packing Group			
Environmental Hazards			
Additional Information	-	-	-

Special Precautions for User:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

This product as supplied is listed as "Active" on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Inventory (TSCA Inventory).

This product as supplied is not subject to the TSCA Significant New Use Rule.

This product as supplied is not subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SARA 302 Components

This product does not contain any components which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302 EHS TPQ.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

SARA 304 Components

This product does not contain any components which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 304 RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard (Skin corrosion or irritation; Serious eye damage or eye irritation; Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT), single exposure: respiratory irritation).

SARA 313 Components

Component	CAS No.	Weight (%)	SARA 313 Threshold Values by Weight (%)	SARA 313 Reporting Thresholds
Copper(I) acetate	598-54-9	> 95	-	_

Clean Water Act

Component	CWA – Hazardous	CWA - Reportable	CWA – Toxic	CWA - Priority
	Substances	Quantities	Pollutants	Pollutants
Copper(I) acetate		-	Х	-

Clean Air Act

This product does not contain any chemicals regulated under the Clean Air Act.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

US Department of Homeland Security (DHS)

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

US Department of Transportation (DOT)

Component	Reportable Quantity	DOT Marine Pollutant	DOT Severe Marine Pollutant
Copper(I) acetate	No	No	No

US State Right-to-Know Listings

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Copper(I) acetate	-	-	X	-	-

[&]quot;X" - Listed.

US State Chemicals of High Concern Listings

Component	Maine	Vermont	Washington
Copper(I) acetate	-	-	-

[&]quot;X" - Listed.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

California Proposition 65 Components

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

Section 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

HMIS Rating

HEALTH	1
FLAMMABILITY	0
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0

History

Date of Issue/Date of Revision: 9/24/2025.

Date of Previous Issue: None.

References: None available

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate (per Chapter 3.1 of GHS 10 standard).

BEI : Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH).

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CHRIS : Chemical Hazards Response Information System (US DOT).

Section 16. Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms (cont.)

CLP Classification, Labeling and Packaging (European Union (EU)).

DOT : US Department of Transportation.

EC-No. : The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list is the source of the seven digit

EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available with the EU (European

Union).

: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. **EINECS**

EHS : Extremely Hazardous Substance.

ELINCS : European List of Notified Chemical Substances.

GHS : Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

HAP Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act). **HMIS** : Hazardous Materials Identification System.

HNOC Hazards Not Otherwise Classified.

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" IATA-DGR

(IATA).

IDLH : Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (US National Institute for Occupation Health

and Safety (NIOSH)).

International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. **IMDG**

IΡ Intraperitoneal. IV Intravenous.

: National Fire Protection Association. **NFPA**

NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health.

NSRI No Significant Risk Levels. NTP National Toxicology Program.

Ozone Depleting Substances (US Clean Air Act). ODS

OFCD Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development.

Occupational Exposure Limit. OEL

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PBT : Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

PEL Permissible Exposure Limits. REL : Recommended Exposure Limits.

RQ : Reportable Quantity.

: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act. SARA

STEL (ST) : Short Term Exposure Limit (ACGIH/NIOSH)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity. STOT TLV : Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH). TPQ : Threshold Planning Quantity. TWA : Time Weighted Average. VOC : Volatile Organic Compound.

: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative. vPvB

: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (AIHA). WEEL

Section 16. Other Information

Disclaimer

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Ereztech LLC regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Ereztech LLC shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

