



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product Name: [Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous](#)
Product Type: Solid
CAS Number: 10025-74-8
Product Number: DY5748
Recommended Use: Laboratory chemicals, synthesis of substances.
Product Manufacturer: Ereztech LLC
11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100
Johns Creek, GA 30097
Product Information: (888) 658-1221
In Case of an Emergency: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA);
+1 703-527-3887 (International); CCN836180
*** Contact manufacturer for all non-emergency calls.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Appearance/Odor: White powder, odor not determined.
Classification: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION – Category 2, H315
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION – Category 2, H319
SPECIFIC ORGAN TOXICITY, SINGLE EXPOSURE; RESPIRATORY
TRACT IRRITATION – Category 3, H335

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms:



Signal Word: WARNING
Hazard Statements: H315: Causes skin irritation.
H320: Causes eye irritation.
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
Prevention: P261: Avoid breathing dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases.
P264 + P265: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.
P271: Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Precautionary Statements

Prevention (cont.):

Response:

P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection/ face protection.
P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P319: Get medical help if you feel unwell.
P332 + P317: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
P337 + P317: If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P403 + P233: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal:

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

OSHA/HCS Status:

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC):

None identified.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance Type:

Mono-constituent.

Synonyms:

Dysprosium trichloride anhydrous; Dysprosium(III) chloride anhydrous; Trichlorodysprosium.

Formula:

DyCl₃

Molecular Weight:

268.85 g/mol.

EC No. :

233-039-9

Component Name	%	CAS Number
Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous	> 99.9	10025-74-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

- General Advice:** Move out of dangerous area. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical help immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical help if symptoms develop or if you feel unwell. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical help if eye irritation develops and persists.
- Skin Contact:** Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical help if irritation develops and persists, if symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.
- Inhalation:** Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical help if symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.
- Ingestion:** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Remove dentures if any. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical help if symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

- Eye Contact:** Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision.
- Inhalation:** Product may be irritating to respiratory system. Symptoms may include coughing, sneezing with phlegm production, sore throat, nausea, headache, vomiting.
- Skin Contact:** Symptoms may include an itching or burning sensation, reddening, swelling and blistering with tissue necrosis.
- Ingestion:** Product may be expected to be irritating to mucous membranes. Symptoms may include cramping, localized pain, headache, nausea and vomiting.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

- Notes to Physician:** Treat symptomatically.
- Specific Treatments:** No specific treatment.
- Protection of First Responders:** No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

General Hazards:	None identified.
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	No limitations of extinguishing agents are identified for this product.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	None identified.
Product of Combustion:	Hydrogen chloride and dysprosium oxides. Irritating fumes may be generated during exposure to elevated temperatures or open flame.
Protection of Firefighters:	<p>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Avoid the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases.</p> <p>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.</p>

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Provide adequate ventilation or wear respiratory protection. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For Emergency Responders:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency Personnel".
Environmental Precautions:	Prevent spilled material and firefighting runoff from entering the surrounding environment (soil contact, entry into drains, sewers and waterways). Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for Containment

General:	Move containers from spill area if safe to do so.
-----------------	---

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

- General (cont.):** Avoid the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Dispose of collected spillage in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Contaminated binding material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
- Small Spill:** Collect spillage with a dry, binding material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed container for disposal.
- Large Spill:** Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with a dry, binding material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed container for disposal.
- Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

- Precautions:** Product is hygroscopic/moisture sensitive; handle under a dry, inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Avoid the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Keep container tightly sealed. Avoid prolonged exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation.
- Protective Measures:** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Keep in the original container kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- General Occupational Hygiene:** Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Safe Storage Conditions:** Product is hygroscopic/moisture sensitive; store under an inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials noted above and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store locked up.

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Introductory Remarks:

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. While developing safe handling procedures, do not overlook the need to clean equipment and conduct regular repairs. Waste from these procedures should be handled in accordance with Section 13.

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region-specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Controls:

Properly operating explosion-proof, chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute. Provide an eyewash/shower station.

Environmental Exposure Controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene Measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately. Do not inhale dusts or aerosols. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/Face Protection:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to aerosols or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles, faceshield (8-inch minimum). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133, ANSI Z87.1, or European Standard EN166.

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Skin Protection

Hand Protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical-resistant gloves. For full contact, wear Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Other Skin Protection:

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory Protection:

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State:

Solid (powder).

Color:

White.

Odor:

No data available.

Melting Point:

718 °C (1324.4 °F).

Boiling Point:

1500 °C (2732 °F).

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Flash Point:	No data available.
Flammability (solid):	No data available.
Density:	3.67 g/cm ³ @ 25 °C.
Water Solubility:	Soluble.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:	No reactive hazards were identified for this product.
Chemical Stability:	This product is stable when stored under a dry, inert atmosphere and away from heat. Nitrogen containing less than 5 ppm each moisture and air is recommended.
Conditions to Avoid:	Exposure to water/moisture and incompatible products.
Incompatible Materials:	Strong oxidizing agents and finely powdered metals.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: hydrogen chloride and dysprosium oxides. In the event of a fire: see Section 5.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use noted above, hazardous reactions will not occur. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity

Component	CAS No	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Dysprosium chloride anhydrous	10025-74-8	LD50 Oral	Mouse	5443 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion: Causes skin irritation and eye irritation.

Sensitization: No specific data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No specific data available.

Carcinogenicity

ACGIH

No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by ACGIH.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Carcinogenicity (cont.)

NTP

No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive Toxicity:

No specific data available.

Teratogenicity:

No specific data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity: (Single Exposure)

Inhalation – May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity: (Repeated Exposure)

No specific data available.

Aspiration Hazard:

No specific data available.

Information on the Likely Routes of Exposure:

Common routes of exposure: inhalation (failure to prevent dust formation), dermal (failure to use skin protection), eye (failure to use safety eyewear). Less common: ingestion (failure to employ recommended hygiene measures (e.g. smoking after handling product without washing hands or using hand protection)).

Additional Information:

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

The environmental impact of this product on the environment has not been tested.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

No specific data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradability:

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulative Potential:

No specific data available.

Mobility in Soil:

Product will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment:

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted.

Endocrine Disrupting Properties:

No specific data available.

Other Adverse Effects:

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Treatment Methods

Product: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Refer to 40 CFR 260-299 for complete waste disposal regulations. Consult your local, state, or federal agency before disposing of any chemicals.

Contaminated Packaging: Empty containers retain product residue (dusts, aerosols, vapor and gases) and can be dangerous. Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14. Transport Information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name	-	-	-
Transport Hazard Classes	-	-	-
Packing Group	-	-	-
Environmental Hazards	-	-	-
Additional Information	-	-	-

Special Precautions for User: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act):

This product is listed as "Active" on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Inventory (TSCA Inventory)

This product as supplied is not subject to the TSCA Significant New Use Rule.

This product as supplied is not subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SARA 302 Components

This product does not contain any components which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302 EHS TPO.

SARA 304 Components

This product does not contain any components which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 304 RQ.

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 15. Regulatory Information

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard (Skin corrosion or irritation; Serious eye damage or eye irritation; Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT), single exposure: respiratory irritation).

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act

Not applicable.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

US Department of Homeland Security (DHS)

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

US Department of Transportation (DOT)

Component	Reportable Quantity	DOT Marine Pollutant	DOT Severe Marine Pollutant
Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous	No	No	No

US State Right-to-Know Listings

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous	-	-	-	-	-

"X" – Listed.

US State Chemicals of High Concern Listings

Component	Maine	Vermont	Washington
Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous	-	-	-

"X" – Listed.

California Proposition 65 Components

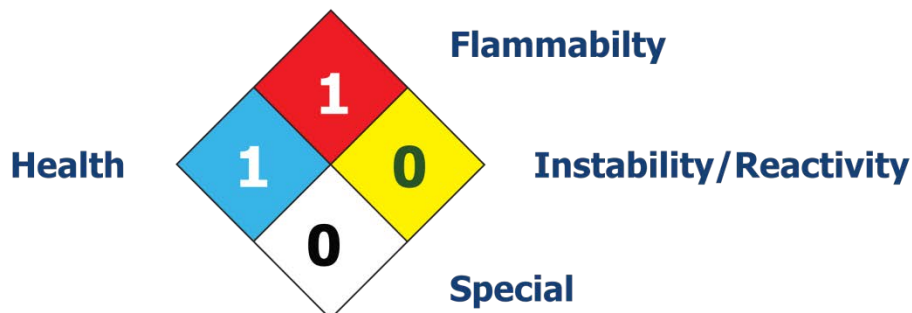
This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

HMIS Rating

HEALTH	1
FLAMMABILITY	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0

History

Date of Issue/Date of Revision: 4/30/2025.

Date of Previous Issue: None.

References: None available.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH	: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
AIHA	: American Industrial Hygiene Association.
ATE	: Acute Toxicity Estimate (per Chapter 3.1 of GHS 10 standard).
BEI	: Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH).
CAS	: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CHRIS	: Chemical Hazards Response Information System (US DOT).
CLP	: Classification, Labeling and Packaging (European Union (EU)).
DOT	: US Department of Transportation.
EC-No.	: The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list is the source of the seven digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available with the EU (European Union)).

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 16. Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms (cont.)

EINECS	: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
EHS	: Extremely Hazardous Substance.
ELINCS	: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
GHS	: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
HAP	: Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act).
HMIS	: Hazardous Materials Identification System.
HNOC	: Hazards Not Otherwise Classified.
IARC	: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
IATA	: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR	: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IDLH	: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (US National Institute for Occupation Health and Safety (NIOSH)).
IMDG	: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
IP	: Intraperitoneal.
IV	: Intravenous.
NFPA	: National Fire Protection Association.
NIOSH	: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health.
NSRL	: No Significant Risk Levels.
NTP	: National Toxicology Program.
ODS	: Ozone Depleting Substances (US Clean Air Act).
OECD	: Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development.
OEL	: Occupational Exposure Limit.
OSHA	: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
PBT	: Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic.
PEL	: Permissible Exposure Limits.
REL	: Recommended Exposure Limits.
RQ	: Reportable Quantity.
SARA	: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
STEL (ST)	: Short Term Exposure Limit (ACGIH/NIOSH)
STOT	: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV	: Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH).
TPQ	: Threshold Planning Quantity.
TWA	: Time Weighted Average.
VOC	: Volatile Organic Compound.
vPvB	: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
WEEL	: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (AIHA).

Disclaimer

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Ereztech LLC regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Ereztech LLC shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Dysprosium chloride, anhydrous

Safety Data Sheet

Section 16. Other Information

Disclaimer (cont.)

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

