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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product Name: <u>Trimethyl phosphite</u>

Product Type: Liquid
CAS Number: 121-45-9
Product Number: P1459

Recommended Use: Laboratory chemicals, synthesis of substances.

Product Manufacturer: Ereztech LLC

11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100

Johns Creek, GA 30097

Product Information: (888) 658-1221

In Case of an Emergency: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA);

+1 703-527-3887 (International); CCN836180
*** Contact manufacturer for all non-emergency calls.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Appearance/Odor: Colorless liquid, pungent odor.

Classification: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS – Category 3, H226 ACUTE TOXICITY, ORAL – Category 4, H302

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2, H315

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION – Category 2, H319
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY, SINGLE EXPOSURE;
RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION – Category 3, H335

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms:



Signal Word: WARNING

Hazard Statements: H226: Flammable liquid and vapor.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

<u>Precau</u>	<u>tionary</u>	<u>Statements</u>
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P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/handling equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261: Avoid breathing sprays, mists, vapors or gases.

P264 + P265: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.

P280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/hearing protection.

P301 + P317: IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.

P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water or shower off.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P319: Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P330: Rinse mouth.

P332 + P317: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help. P337 + P317: If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P403 + P233 + P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

None identified.

Prevention:

Response:

Storage:

Disposal:

OSHA/HCS Status:

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC):

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Mono-constituent. Substance Type:

Methyl phosphite; Trimethoxyphosphite; TMP. Synonyms:

 $C_3H_9O_3P$ Formula:

124.08 g/mol. Molecular Weight: 204-471-5 EC-No.:

Component Name	%	CAS Number
<u>Trimethyl phosphite</u>	≥ 99	121-45-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

General Advice: Move out of dangerous area. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get

> medical help immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical help if symptoms develop or if

you feel unwell. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue

rinsing. Get medical help if eye irritation develops and persists.

Skin Contact: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off contaminated

skin with plenty of water. Get medical help if irritation develops and persists, if

symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not

> breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical help if

symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.

Ingestion: Get medical help immediately. Rinse mouth, and then give water to drink (two

> glasses at most). Do NOT induce vomiting. Remove dentures if any. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If person is not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, see the

"Inhalation" first aid measures noted above.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

Eye Contact: Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Product may be irritating to respiratory system. Symptoms may include

coughing, sneezing with phlegm production, sore throat, nausea, headache,

dizziness, tiredness and vomiting.

Symptoms may include an itching or burning sensation, reddening, swelling and **Skin Contact:**

blistering with tissue necrosis.

Ingestion: Product may be expected to be irritating to mucous membranes. Symptoms may

include cramping, localized pain, headache, nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically.

No specific treatment indicated. **Specific Treatments:**

Protection of First Responders: No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk

without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

General Hazards: Flammable liquid and vapors.

THE MOST EFFECTIVE FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT IS DRY Suitable Extinguishing Media: CHEMICAL POWDER PRESSURIZED WITH NITROGEN. Foam

or carbon dioxide (CO₂) may also be used.

The use of a water jet may serve to spread the fire. **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:**

Vapor/air mixtures of product may become explosive above **Unusual Fire and**

flash point. Product runoff to sewer may create a fire or **Explosion Hazards:** explosion hazard. Vapors/gases released under fire

conditions may spread long distances along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to an ignition source and flashback. Under fire conditions, the product container will experience a pressure increase which may cause the container to burst,

with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Product of Combustion: Carbon oxides (CO_x) , phosphine and phosphorus oxides.

> Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may be generated during exposure to elevated temperatures or open flame.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the **Protection of Firefighters:**

> vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Avoid the formation and

inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Protection of Firefighters (cont.):

Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Move containers from fire area if process can be accomplished without risk to firefighters. To reduce the possibility of explosion, use a water spray or fog to reduce direct vapors and to cool unopened containers. Do not cut, grind, drill or weld on or near product containers (even empty) of this product because an explosion may result.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors, and gases. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear respiratory protection. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For Emergency Responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency Personnel".

Environmental Precautions:

Do not allow dispersal of spilled material and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for Containment

General:

Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Take action to prevent static discharges; use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Move containers from spill area if safe to do so. Dispose of collected spillage in accordance with federal, state and local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Collect spillage with dry, non-combustible, absorbent material

(e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in

dry, sealed container for disposal.

Large Spill: Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers,

water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, dry, absorbent material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in

dry, sealed container for disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions: Product is flammable and moisture sensitive; handle under a dry, inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture

and oxygen is recommended. Keep away from all sources of ignition – NO SMOKING. Take action to prevent static

discharges. Keep container tightly sealed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases. Do not ingest. Avoid

prolonged exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Protective Measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section

8). Keep in the original container kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be

hazardous. Do not reuse container.

General Occupational Hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas

where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for

additional information on hygiene measures.

Safe Storage Conditions: Product is flammable and moisture sensitive; store under an

inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Keep away from all sources of ignition – NO SMOKING. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Keep

container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store

locked up.

Section 8. **Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

Introductory Remarks:

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. While developing safe handling procedures, do not overlook the need to clean equipment and conduct regular repairs. Waste from these procedures should be handled in accordance with Section 13.

Occupational Exposure Limits

Component	CAS-No.	List	Туре	Value	
Trimethyl phosphite	121-45-9	ACGIH	TLV	10 mg/m³ (2 ppm) TWA	
		CA Title 8	Article	10 mg/m³ (2 ppm) TWA	
			107		
		NIOSH	REL	10 mg/m³ (2 ppm) TWA	
		OSHA	PEL	10 mg/m³ (2 ppm) TWA	
				(vacated)	

Engineering Controls:

Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute. Provide an eyewash/shower station.

Environmental Exposure Controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene Measures:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Wash all exposed skin (hands, forearms and face) thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately. Avoid the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors or gases. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/Face Protection:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to sprays and mists. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles, faceshield (8-inch minimum). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133, ANSI Z87.1, or European Standard EN166.

Exposure Controls/Personal Protection Section 8.

Skin Protection

Hand Protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemicalresistant gloves.

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. For full contact, wear Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Other Skin Protection:

Respiratory Protection:

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid.

Colorless, clear. Color:

Odor: Pungent.

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Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Odor Threshold: 0.0001 ppm.

pH: No data available.

Melting Point: - 78 °C (- 108.4 °F).

Boiling Point: 111 – 112 °C (231.8 – 233.6 °F) at 13 mm Hg.

Flash Point: 28 °C (82 °F) – closed cup.

Auto-ignition temperature: No data available.

Vapor Pressure: 23 hPa at 20 °C (68 °F).

Relative Vapor Density: 4.28 - (air = 1.0).

Density: 1.052 g/ml at 25 °C (77 °F).

Water Solubility: Hydrolyzes.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Product is moisture/water sensitive and flammable.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. There is a

risk of explosion with exposure to perchlorates.

Chemical Stability: Product is moisture sensitive. Product is stable when stored under a dry, inert atmosphere and away from

heat. Nitrogen containing less than 5 ppm each moisture and air is recommended.

Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to moisture/water, sources of ignition (heat,

flames, sparks, electrostatic discharges), extremes of

temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible Materials: Bases, halogens, organic halides, acids and strong

oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: phosphine, carbon oxides (CO_X) and phosphorus oxides. Irritating and potentially harmful

fumes may be generated during exposure to

moisture/water, elevated temperatures or open flame. In

the event of a fire: see Section 5.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use noted above,

hazardous reactions will not occur. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of

storage or use.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity

Component	CAS No	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Trimethyl phosphite	121-45-9	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,600 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2,600 mg/kg	-
		LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	> 45.7 mg/l	4 h

Irritation/Corrosion: Skin: rabbit, 500 mg – severe irritation.

Eye: mammal, 100 mg - mild irritation

Sensitization: No specific data available. **Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** No specific data available.

Carcinogenicity

NTP:

No component of this product present at levels greater ACGIH:

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by ACGIH.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

No component of this product present at levels greater

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by NTP.

No component of this product present at levels greater OSHA:

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by OSHA.

Rat (oral) TDLo: 1640 mg/kg (6-15 day pregnant). **Reproductive Toxicity:**

Pregnant rats exposed to product by gavage at a dose of

164 mg/kg/day experienced teratological effects of gross

fetal abnormalities, skeletal defects and soft tissue

defects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

(Single Exposure)

Teratogenicity:

Specific Target Organ Toxicity: No specific data available.

(Repeated Exposure)

Aspiration Hazard: No specific data available.

Information on the Likely Common routes of exposure: inhalation, dermal (failure to use skin protection), eye (failure to use safety **Routes of Exposure:**

eyewear).

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on the Likely: Less common: ingestion (failure to employ

Routes of Exposure (cont.) recommended hygiene measures (e.g. smoking or eating

after handling product without washing hands or using

hand protection).

Inhalation or aspiration of product may cause chemical Additional Information:

pneumonitis.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of this product have not

been thoroughly investigated.

No specific data available.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Numerical Measures of Toxicity

No specific data available. **Toxicity to Fish:**

Toxicity to Daphnia and Other: No specific data available.

Aquatic Invertebrates

No specific data available. **Toxicity to Algae:**

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradability:

No specific data available. **Bioaccumulative Potential:**

Mobility in Soil: No specific data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment: PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety

assessment not required/not conducted.

Endocrine Disrupting Properties: No specific data available.

Other Adverse Effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the

event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Treatment Methods

Product: Dispose of in accordance with national, federal, state

> and local regulations. Refer to 40 CFR 260-299 for complete waste disposal regulations. Consult your local,

state, or federal agency before disposing of any

chemicals.

Empty containers retain product residue (liquids, vapors **Contaminated Packaging:**

and gases) and can be dangerous. Dispose of as

unused product.

Section 14. Transport Information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA	
UN Number	UN2329	UN2329	UN2329	
UN Proper Shipping Name	Trimethyl phosphite	Trimethyl phosphite	Trimethyl phosphite	
Transport Hazard Classes	3	3	3	
Packing Group	III	III	III	
Environmental Hazards	-	-	-	
Additional Information	-	EMS-No: F-E, S-D	-	

Special Precautions for User:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act):

This product as supplied is listed as "Active" on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Inventory (TSCA Inventory).

This product as supplied is not subject to the TSCA Significant New Use Rule.

This product as supplied is not subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SARA 302 Components

This product does not contain any components which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 304 Components

This product does not contain any components which are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III. Section 304 RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard (Highly Flammable Liquid); Acute Health Hazard (Acute Toxicity (Oral); Skin Corrosion or Irritation; Serious Eye Damage or Eye Irritation; Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation)).

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act/Clean Air Act

Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

US State Right-to-Know Listings

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Trimethyl phosphite	Х	Х	Х	-	Х

[&]quot;X" - Listed.

US State Chemicals of High Concern Listings

Component	Maine	Vermont	Washington
Trimethyl phosphite	-	-	-

[&]quot;X" - Listed.

California Proposition 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright © 2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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Section 16. Other Information

HMIS Rating



History

Date of Issue/Date of Revision: 1/31/2025.

Date of Previous Issue: None.

References: None available.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate (per Chapter 3.1 of GHS 10 standard).

BEI : Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH).

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CHRIS : Chemical Hazards Response Information System (US DOT).

CLP : Classification, Labeling and Packaging (European Union (EU)).

DOT : US Department of Transportation.

EC-No. : The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list is the source of the seven digit

EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available with the EU (European

Union).

EINECS : European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

EHS : Extremely Hazardous Substance.

ELINCS : European List of Notified Chemical Substances.

GHS : Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

HAP : Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act).

HMIS : Hazardous Materials Identification System.

HNOC : Hazards Not Otherwise Classified.

IARC : International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR : Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association"

(IATA).

IDLH : Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (US National Institute for Occupation Health

and Safety (NIOSH)).

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

IP : Intraperitoneal.
IV : Intravenous.

NFPA : National Fire Protection Association.

NIOSH : National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health.

NSRL : No Significant Risk Levels. NTP : National Toxicology Program.

ODS : Ozone Depleting Substances (US Clean Air Act).

OECD : Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development.

Section 16. Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms (cont.)

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit.

OSHA : Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PBT : Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

PEL : Permissible Exposure Limits.
REL : Recommended Exposure Limits.

RQ : Reportable Quantity.

SARA : Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

STEL (ST) : Short Term Exposure Limit (ACGIH/NIOSH)

STOT : Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV : Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH).
TPQ : Threshold Planning Quantity.
TWA : Time Weighted Average.
VOC : Volatile Organic Compound.

vPvB : Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

WEEL : Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (AIHA).

Disclaimer

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Ereztech LLC regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Ereztech LLC shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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