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## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Section 1. Identification

Product Name: <u>Trimethylphosphine</u>

Product Type: Liquid
CAS Number: 594-09-2
Product Number: P4092

**Recommended Use:** Laboratory chemicals, synthesis of substances.

Product Manufacturer: Ereztech LLC

11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100

Johns Creek, GA 30097

**Product Information:** (888) 658-1221

In Case of an Emergency: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA);

+1 703-527-3887 (International); CCN836180
\*\*\* Contact manufacturer for all non-emergency calls.

### Section 2. Hazards Identification

Appearance/Odor: Colorless liquid, pungent odor.

Classification: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2, H225

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2, H315

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A, H319 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY, SINGLE EXPOSURE; RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION - Category 3, H335

GHS Label Elements

**Hazard Pictograms:** 





Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard Statements: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Ereztech P4092 Page 1 of 13 Revision: 2.00

#### Section 2. Hazards Identification

<b>Precautionary</b>	<u>Statements</u>
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**Prevention:** 

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. – No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261: Avoid breathing sprays, mists, vapors or gases.

P264 + P265: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

P271: Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.

P280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/hearing protection.

P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water or shower off.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P319: Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P332 + P317: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.

P337 + P317: If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

P403 + P233 + P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with national, federal, state and local regulations.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

None identified.

Response:

Storage:

Disposal:

**OSHA/HCS Status:** 

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC):

### Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

: Mono-constituent. **Substance Type** 

**Synonyms** : PMe3. : C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>9</sub>P **Formula** 

**Molecular Weight** : 76.08 g/mol

Ingredient Name	%	<b>CAS Number</b>
Trimethylphosphine	≥ 98	594-09-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First Aid Measures

#### **Description of Necessary First Aid Measures**

Move out of dangerous area. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get **General Advice:** 

> medical help immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical help if symptoms develop or if

you feel unwell. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue

rinsing. Get medical help if eye irritation develops and persists.

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off contaminated Skin Contact:

skin with plenty of water. Get medical help if irritation develops and persists, if

symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not

> breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical help if

symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Remove dentures if any. If vomiting

> occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical help if

symptoms develop or if you feel unwell.

#### Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision. **Eye Contact:** 

Product may be irritating to respiratory system. Symptoms may include Inhalation:

coughing, sneezing with phlegm production, sore throat, nausea, headache,

vomiting.

Symptoms may include an itching or burning sensation, reddening, swelling and **Skin Contact:** 

blistering with tissue necrosis.

#### Section 4. First Aid Measures

Ingestion: Product may be expected to be irritating to mucous membranes. Symptoms may

include cramping, localized pain, headache, nausea and vomiting.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

Treat symptomatically. **Notes to Physician:** 

No specific treatment indicated. **Specific Treatments:** 

**Protection of First Responders:** No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk

> without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Highly flammable liquid. If product is heated or involved in a **General Hazards:** 

fire, a pressure increase will occur and the container may

burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

THE MOST EFFECTIVE FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT IS DRY Suitable Extinguishing Media:

> CHEMICAL POWDER PRESSURIZED WITH NITROGEN. For small fires, vermiculite, dry sand, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) may also be used. For large fires, large

> quantities of water (flooding) may be applied as a spray or a

mist to cool affected containers.

The use of water or a water jet may serve to spread the fire. **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** 

Product runoff to sewer may create a fire or explosion hazard. **Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may

accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to an ignition source and flashback. Containers may

explode when heated.

**Product of Combustion:** Carbon oxides (CO<sub>x</sub>) and oxides of phosphorus.

**Protection of Firefighters:** Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the

vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Avoid the formation and

inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases. Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Move

containers from fire area if process can be accomplished without risk to firefighters. To reduce the possibility of explosion, use a water spray or fog to reduce direct vapors and to cool unopened containers. Do not cut, grind, drill or weld on or near product containers (even empty) of this

product because an explosion may result.

### Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

**Protection of Firefighters (cont.):** 

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors, and gases. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear respiratory protection. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For Emergency Responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency Personnel".

**Environmental Precautions:** 

Do not allow dispersal of spilled material and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### **Methods for Containment**

General:

Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Approach release from upwind. Move containers from spill area if safe to do so. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of collected spillage in accordance with national, federal, state and local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

**Small Spill:** 

Collect spillage with non-combustible, dry, absorbent material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed container for disposal.

Large Spill:

Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, dry, absorbent material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed container for disposal.

Ereztech P4092 Page 5 of 13 Revision: 2.00

### Section 7. Handling and Storage

**Precautions:** Product is air sensitive and highly flammable; handle under a

dry, inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Keep away from all sources of ignition – NO SMOKING. Keep container tightly sealed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases. Do not ingest.

Avoid prolonged exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Protective Measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section

8). Keep in the original container kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be

hazardous. Do not reuse container.

General Occupational Hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas

where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective

equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for

additional information on hygiene measures.

Safe Storage Conditions: Product is air sensitive and highly flammable; store under an inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and

oxygen is recommended. Store refrigerated at 2 – 8 °C. Keep away from all sources of ignition – NO SMOKING. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and

food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until

ready for use. Store locked up.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Introductory Remarks: These recommendations provide general guidance for handling

this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each

intended application. While developing safe handling

procedures, do not overlook the need to clean equipment and conduct regular repairs. Waste from these procedures should

be handled in accordance with Section 13.

Occupational Exposure Limits: Product contains no substances with occupational exposure

limit values.

**Engineering Controls:** Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous

chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100

feet per minute. Provide an eyewash/shower station.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### **Environmental Exposure Controls:**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual Protection Measures**

#### **Hygiene Measures:**

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Wash all exposed skin (hands, forearms and face) thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately. Avoid the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors or gases. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/Face Protection:**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to sprays and mists. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles, faceshield (8-inch minimum). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133, ANSI Z87.1, or European Standard EN166.

#### **Skin Protection**

#### **Hand Protection:**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical-resistant gloves.

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. For full contact, wear Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Other Skin Protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection

measures should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective

clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Respiratory Protection:** Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are

appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator

cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as

NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

### Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid.

Color: Colorless, clear.

Odor: Pungent.

Odor Threshold:

No data available.

PH:

No data available.

Melting Point: -85 °C (-121 °F).

**Boiling Point:** 38 - 40 °C (100.4 - 104 °F) at 13 mm Hg.

Flash Point: -19 °C (-2 °F) – closed cup.

Auto-ignition temperature: No data available.

**Vapor Pressure:** 499 hPa at 20 °C (68 °F); 1,643.3 hPa at 55 °C (131 °F).

Relative Density: 0.738 g/cm<sup>3</sup> at 20 °C (68 °F).

Water Solubility: No data available.

### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity:** Product is air sensitive and highly flammable. Vapors may

form explosive mixture with air.

Chemical Stability: Product is air sensitive. Product is stable when stored

under a dry, inert atmosphere and away from heat. Nitrogen containing less than 5 ppm each moisture and air and a temperature of 2 – 8 °C is recommended.

an and a temperature of 2 0 0 is recommended.

### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Conditions to Avoid:** Exposure to air, sources of ignition (heat, flames, sparks,

electrostatic discharge), extremes of temperature and

direct sunlight.

Strong oxidizing agents. **Incompatible Materials:** 

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

> decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire

conditions: carbon oxides (CO<sub>X</sub>) and oxides of

phosphorus. Irritating and potentially harmful fumes may

be generated during exposure to air, elevated

temperatures or open flame. In the event of a fire: see

section 5.

Under normal conditions of storage and use noted above, **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** 

> hazardous reactions will not occur. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of

storage or use.

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

#### **Information on Toxicological Effects**

**Acute Toxicity** 

Irritation/Corrosion

: No specific data available.

: No specific data available. Product may be expected to

be irritating to the skin, eyes and exposed mucous

membranes.

Sensitization

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

**Carcinogenity** 

: No specific data available. : No specific data available.

**IARC** 

: No component of this product present at levels greater

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

: No component of this product present at levels greater ACGIH

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by ACGIH.

**NTP** : No component of this product present at levels greater

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by NTP.

: No component of this product present at levels greater **OSHA** 

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by OSHA.

**Reproductive Toxicity** : No specific data available.

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

**Teratogenicity** 

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity** 

(Single Exposure)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity** 

(Repeated Exposure)

**Aspiration Hazard** 

Information on the Likely **Routes of Exposure** 

**Additional Information** 

: No specific data available.

: Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

: No specific data available.

: No specific data available.

: Common routes of exposure: inhalation, dermal (failure to use skin protection), eye (failure to use safety eyewear). Less common: ingestion (failure to employ recommended hygiene measures (e.g. smoking or eating after handling product without washing hands or using hand protection).

: To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated.

### Section 12. Ecological Information

**Numerical Measures of Toxicity** 

**Toxicity to Fish** 

**Toxicity to Daphnia and Other** 

**Aquatic Invertebrates** 

Toxicity to Algae

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradability

**Bioaccumulative Potential** 

**Mobility in Soil** 

**Other Adverse Effects** 

: No specific data available.

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

**Waste Treatment Methods Product** 

: Dispose of in accordance with national, federal, state and local regulations. Refer to 40 CFR 260-299 for complete waste disposal regulations. Consult your local, state, or federal agency before disposing of any chemicals.

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

#### **Contaminated Packaging**

: Empty containers retain product residue (liquids, vapors and gases) and can be dangerous. Dispose of as unused product.

### Section 14. Transport Information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN Proper	Flammable liquids, n.o.s.	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS,	Flammable liquids, n.o.s.
Shipping Name	(Trimethylphosphine)	N.O.S.	(Trimethylphosphine)
		(Trimethylphosphine)	
Transport Hazard	3	3	3
Classes			
Packing Group	II	П	П
Environmental	-	-	-
Hazards			
Additional	(-1)	EMS-No: F-E, S-E	-
Information			

#### **Special Precautions for User**

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act):

This product is not listed on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Inventory (TSCA Inventory). Use of this product is restricted to research and development only. This product must be used under the supervision of a technically qualified individual as defined by the TSCA. This product must not be used for commercial purposes or in formulations for commercial purposes.

#### **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

#### **SARA 313 Components**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard (Highly Flammable Liquid); Acute Health Hazard (Skin Corrosion; Serious Eye Damage; Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation)).

### Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### **Massachusetts Right to Know Components**

No components are subject to Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

#### Pennsylvania Right to Know Components

No components are subject to Pennsylvania Right to Know Act.

#### **New Jersey Right to Know Components**

No components are subject to New Jersey Right to Know Act.

#### **California Proposition 65 Components**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

#### Section 16. Other Information

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright © 2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **HMIS Rating**

HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	3
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0

#### **History**

Date of Issue/Date of Revision : 6/25/2024.

Date of Previous Issue : 8/28/2023.

#### Section 16. Other Information

**References** : None available.

#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate (per Chapter 3.1 of GHS 10 standard).

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging (European Union (EU)).

DOT: US Department of Transportation.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System.

HNOC: Hazards Not Otherwise Classified.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (US National Institute for Occupation Health and Safety (NIOSH)).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health.

NTP: National Toxicology Program.

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development.

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit.

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limits.

**REL:** Recommended Exposure Limits.

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

STEL (ST): Short Term Exposure Limit (ACGIH/NIOSH)

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH).

TWA: Time Weighted Average. VOC: Volatile Organic Compound.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Ereztech LLC regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Ereztech LLC shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.