

11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100, Johns Creek, GA 30097, USA

T: +1.888.658.1221 F: 1.678.619.2020

E: info@ereztech.com W: https://ereztech.com

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product Name: <u>Tris(dimethylamido)antimony(III)</u>

Product Type: Liquid
CAS Number: 7289-92-1
Product Number: SB9921

Recommended Use: Laboratory chemicals, synthesis of substances.

Product Manufacturer: Ereztech LLC

11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100

Johns Creek, GA 30097

Product Information: (888) 658-1221

In Case of an Emergency: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA);

+1 703-527-3887 (International); CCN836180
*** Contact manufacturer for all non-emergency calls.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Appearance/Odor: Colorless to straw-colored liquid, acrid/amine-like odor.

Classification: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1, H224

SUBSTANCE AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH WATER,

EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1, H260 ACUTE TOXICITY, ORAL - Category 4, H302

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B, H314

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1, H318

ACUTE TOXICITY, INHALATION - Category 4, H332

HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT, ACUTE TOXICITY -

Category 2, H401

HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT, CHRONIC

TOXICITY - Category 2, H411

GHS Label Elements
Hazard Pictograms:



Section 2. Hazards Identification

Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard Statements: H224: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

H260: In contact with water releases flammable gases which may

ignite spontaneously.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H332: Harmful if inhaled. H401: Toxic to aquatic life.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<u>Precautionary Statements</u> Prevention:

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. – No smoking.

P231 + P232: Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect

from moisture.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P223: Do not allow contact with water.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof (electrical/ventilating/lighting/handling)

equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260: Do not breathe sprays, mists, vapors or gases.

P264 + P265: Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/hearing protection.

P301 + P317: IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.

P301 + P330 + P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302 + P335 + P334: IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin and immerse in cool water.

P302 + P361 + P354: IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately rinse with water for several minutes.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P354 + P338: IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Response:

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Section 2. Hazards Identification

Response (cont.): P316: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P330: Rinse mouth.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide for extinction. DO NOT USE

WATER.

P391: Collect spillage.

Storage: P402 + P404: Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

P403 + P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container

tightly closed.

P405: Store locked up.

Disposal: P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with federal,

state and local regulations.

OSHA/HCS Status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC):

None identified.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance Type : Mono-constituent

Synonyms : Tris(dimethylamino)antimony(III); TDMASb; Sb(NMe₂)₃;

tridimethylaminoantimony; tris(dimethylamino)stibine;

tris(dimethylamino)stibane; antimony(III), dimethylazanide.

Formula : $C_6H_{18}N_3Sb$

Molecular Weight : 253.99 g/mol.

Ingredient Name	%	CAS Number
Tris(dimethylamido)antimony(III)	≥ 98	7289-92-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

General Advice: Move out of dangerous area. Get immediate medical help. Show this safety

data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical help immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen

tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Rinse for a minimum of 15 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses after initial rinse period and continue rinsing for an additional 15 minutes. Keep eyes wide open during rinsing process. Get immediate medical

help.

Skin Contact: Remove all contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off contaminated skin with

plenty of water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Thoroughly clean and dry

contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy/discard contaminated shoes. In the

event of complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get immediate

medical help.

Inhalation: Get medical help immediately. Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the product; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve

or other proper respiratory medical device.

Ingestion: Get medical help immediately. Rinse mouth, and then give water to drink (two

glasses at most). Do NOT induce vomiting. Remove dentures if any. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include watering, redness, pain,

swelling of the eyelids, inability to keep eye open, blurred vison and

temporary/permanent loss of vision.

Inhalation: Product is extremely corrosive/destructive to mucous membranes and tissues of

the upper respiratory tract. Symptoms may include a burning sensation, coughing, coughing up blood (hemoptysis), wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath/ difficulty in breathing (dyspnea), blueness (cyanosis) of lips and skin, pauses, headashes, discrimation, general weakness and less of senseigueness.

nausea, headaches, disorientation, general weakness and loss of consciousness.

Skin contact with this product may be expected to cause (severe) chemical burns. Symptoms may include reddening of skin, a burning or itching sensation,

pain, blistering and tissue necrosis.

Ingestion: Ingestion may be expected to result in burns of the mouth and throat and

potential perforation of the esophagus and stomach. Symptoms may include pain when swallowing (odynophagia), difficulty swallowing (dysphagia), fever, nausea, recurrent vomiting (emesis) and vomiting of blood (hematemesis). Severe burns which may be accompanied by perforation of the esophagus and stomach may present additional symptoms of abdominal pain/rigidity, chest

and/or back pain.

Skin Contact:

Section 4. First Aid Measures

No specific treatment.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically.

Protection of First Responders: No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk

without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

Specific Treatments:

Section 5. Firefighting Measures

General Hazards: Product reacts violently with water to release flammable

gases which may ignite spontaneously.

Suitable Extinguishing Media: THE MOST EFFECTIVE FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT IS DRY

CHEMICAL POWDER PRESSURIZED WITH NITROGEN. Vermiculite, dry sand, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO₂)

may also be used.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: DO NOT USE WATER as product reacts to produce flammable

gases which may ignite spontaneously.

Unusual Fire and This material reacts with water and compounds containing

Explosion Hazards:

active hydrogen such as alcohols and acids to release
dimethylamine. Product runoff to sewer may create a fire or
explosion hazard. Dimethylamine vapor/gas is heavier than

air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to

an ignition source and flashback.

Product of Combustion: Carbon oxides (CO_x) , nitrogen oxides (NO_x) , antimony oxides.

Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may be generated during exposure to elevated temperatures or open flame.

Protection of Firefighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the

vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Prevent contact with skin or eyes. Prevent the formation and

inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases.

Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Move containers from fire area if process can be accomplished without risk to firefighters. To reduce the possibility of explosion, use a water spray or fog to reduce direct vapors and to cool unopened containers. Do not cut, grind, drill or weld on or near product containers (even empty) of this

product as an explosion may result.

Section 5. Firefighting Measures

Protection of Firefighters (cont.):

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear respiratory protection. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For Emergency Responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency Personnel".

Environmental Precautions:

Do not allow dispersal of spilled material and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for Containment

General:

Spilled material will likely give off smoke and fumes. Ignition may occur immediately. Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Move containers from spill area if safe to do so. Prevent the formation and inhalation of sprays and mists. Avoid allowing the spilled material to get wet or using water to clean up spillages or residues. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of collected spillage in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Contaminated extinguishing material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

Small Spill:

Cover spillage with a dry, extinguishing material (e.g. dry sand, soda ash, lime, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and allow time for decomposition or for fire to burn out. Collect and place spillage in a dry, sealed container for disposal.

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Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Large Spill:

Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Cover spillage with a dry, extinguishing material (e.g. dry sand, soda ash, lime, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and allow time for decomposition or for fire to burn out. Collect and place spillage in a dry, sealed container for disposal.

Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information, Section 5 for firefighting measures and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Product reacts violently with water to release a flammable gas which may ignite spontaneously. Handle under a dry, inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Keep away from all sources of ignition – NO SMOKING. Keep container tightly sealed. Prevent contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Prevent the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases. Do not ingest. Avoid prolonged exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Protective Measures:

Protect against electrostatic discharges. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/handling equipment. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Keep in the original container kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

General Occupational Hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Safe Storage Conditions:

Product reacts violently with water to release a flammable gas which may ignite spontaneously. Store under an inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen and a temperature of 2 – 8 °C is recommended. Keep away from air, moisture, heat, sparks and open flames.

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Section 7. Handling and Storage

Safe Storage Conditions (cont.):

Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store locked up.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Introductory Remarks: These recommendations provide general guidance for handling

this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each

intended application. While developing safe handling

procedures, do not overlook the need to clean equipment and conduct regular repairs. Waste from these procedures should

be handled in accordance with Section 13.

Occupational Exposure Limits: Product contains no substances with occupational exposure

limit values.

Engineering Controls: Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous

chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100

feet per minute. Provide an eyewash/shower station.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of

environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

levels.

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene Measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling

chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately. Do not inhale sprays, mists, vapors or gases. Prevent contact with eyes and skin. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are

close to the workstation location.

Eye/Face Protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should

be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or vapors. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles, faceshield (8-inch minimum). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133, ANSI Z87.1, or European Standard EN166.

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Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Skin Protection

Hand Protection:

Other Skin Protection:

Respiratory Protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemicalresistant gloves.

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. For full contact, use Neoprene or nitrile rubber.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Liquid. **Physical State:**

Color: Colorless to straw (yellow) colored.

Acrid, amine-like. Odor:

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Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Odor Threshold:

pH:

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

Boiling Point: 32-34 °C (90-93 °F) @ 0.60 hPa (0.45 mmHg).

Flash Point:

Auto-ignition Temperature:

Specific Gravity:

Vapor Pressure:

-14 °C (6.8 °F).

No data available.

1.325 @ 25°C.

No data available.

Relative Vapor Density: >1 @ 20°C.

Water Solubility: Reacts with water to produce flammable gases which may

ignite spontaneously.

Evaporation Rate: No data available. Viscosity: No data available.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

Chemical Stability

Conditions to Avoid

Incompatible Materials

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions : This product reacts violently with water and compounds containing active hydrogen such as alcohols and acids to produce flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.

: This product is stable when stored under a dry, inert atmosphere and away from heat. Nitrogen containing less than 5 ppm each moisture and air and a temperature range of 2 – 8 °C is recommended.

: Keep away from moisture, water, heat and sources of ignition. Avoid extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

: Moist air, water, protic solvents and strong oxidizing agents.

: In contact with water, product releases a highly flammable gas which may ignite spontaneously. Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: dimethylamine, carbon oxides (CO_x), nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and antimony oxide fumes. Irritating fumes and organic acid vapors may be generated during exposure to elevated temperatures or open flame. In the event of a fire: see section 5.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use noted above, hazardous reactions will not occur. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. In contact with water, product releases extremely flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.

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Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

: Harmful if ingested or inhaled due to product's violent reactivity with water. May be expected to cause severe burns to exposed mucous membranes.

Irritation/Corrosion

: No specific data available. Product may be expected to cause thermal and/or chemical burns to the skin, eyes and exposed mucous membranes.

Sensitization

: No specific data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

: No specific data available.

Carcinogenity
IARC

: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH

: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP

: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA

: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive Toxicity

: No specific data available.

Teratogenicity

: No specific data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

: Respiratory tract irritation/damage through thermal and chemical burns.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

: No specific data available.

Aspiration Hazard

: No specific data available.

Information on the Likely Routes of Exposure

: Common routes of exposure: inhalation, dermal (failure to use skin protection), eye (failure to use safety eyewear). Less common: ingestion (failure to employ recommended hygiene measures (e.g. smoking or eating after handling product without washing hands or using hand protection)

using hand protection).

Additional Information

: To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of this product have not

been thoroughly investigated.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Aquatic Toxicity : Product is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity : No specific data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradability : No specific data available.

Bioaccumulative potential : No specific data available.

Mobility in Soil : No specific data available.

Other Adverse Effects : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Product Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal

regulations. Refer to 40 CFR 260-299 for complete waste disposal regulations. Consult your local, state, or federal agency

before disposing of any chemicals.

Contaminated Packaging Empty containers retain product residue (liquids, vapors and gases) and can be dangerous. Dispose of unused product. DO

NOT EXPOSE CONTAINERS TO MOISTURE, HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF

IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Section 14. Transport Information

D n i	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	UN3399	UN3399	UN3399
UN Proper Shipping Name	Organometallic substance, liquid, water- reactive, flammable (Tris(dimethylamido) antimony(III)	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (Tris(dimethylamido) antimony(III)	Organometallic substance, liquid, water- reactive, flammable (Tris(dimethylamido) antimony(III)
Transport Hazard Classes	4.3 (3)	4.3 (3)	4.3 (3)
Packing Group	1	1	1
Environmental Hazards	Yes	Yes	Yes
Additional Information	-	EMS-No: F-G, S-N	IATA Passenger: Not permitted for transport.

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Section 14. Transport Information

Special Precautions for User

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transporting in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act):

This product is not listed on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Inventory (TSCA Inventory). Use of this product is restricted to research and development only. This product must be used under the supervision of a technically qualified individual as defined by the TSCA. This product must not be used for commercial purposes or in formulations for commercial purposes.

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire hazard (Flammable liquid), Reactivity Hazard (In contact with water emits flammable gas), Acute Health Hazard (Acute Toxicity: Oral, Inhalation; Skin Corrosion or Irritation; Serious Eye Damage or Irritation).

Massachusetts Right to Know Components

No components are subject to Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right to Know Components

No components are subject to Pennsylvania Right to Know Act.

New Jersey Right to Know Components

No components are subject to New Jersey Right to Know Act.

California Proposition 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

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Section 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright © 2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

HMIS Rating

HEALTH	3
FLAMMABILITY	3
PHYSICAL HAZARD	2

History

Date of issue/Date of Revision : 12/26/2023. : 4/29/2022. **Date of Previous Issue** References : None available

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging (European Union (EU)).

DOT: US Department of Transportation.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System.

HNOC: Hazards Not Otherwise Classified.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

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Section 16. Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms (cont.)

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (US National Institute for Occupation Health and Safety (NIOSH)).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health.

NTP: National Toxicology Program.

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development.

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit.

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limits. REL: Recommended Exposure Limits.

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act. STEL (ST): Short Term Exposure Limit (ACGIH/NIOSH)

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH).

TWA: Time Weighted Average. VOC: Volatile Organic Compound.

Disclaimer

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Ereztech LLC regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Ereztech LLC shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.