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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Section 1. Identification

Product Name: <u>Hexachlorodisiloxane</u>

Product Type: Liquid

CAS Number: 14986-21-1 Product Number: SI6211

**Product Manufacturer:** Ereztech LLC

11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100

Johns Creek, GA 30097

**Product Information:** (888) 658-1221

In Case of an Emergency: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA);

+1 703-527-3887 (International); CCN836180
\*\*\* Contact manufacturer for all non-emergency calls.

#### Section 2. Hazards Identification

Appearance/Odor: Straw colored liquid; acrid, hydrogen chloride odor.

**Hazards Identification** 

Classification:

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2, H225

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B, H314

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1, H318 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY, SINGLE EXPOSURE; RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION - Category 3, H335

GHS Label Elements
Hazard Pictograms:



Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard Statements: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318: Causes serious eye damage. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Section 2. Hazards Identification

<b>Precaut</b>	ionary	<b>Statements</b>

**Prevention:** 

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. – No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/handling equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260: Do not breathe sprays, mists, vapors and gases.

P264 + P265: Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

P271: Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.

P280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P301 + P330 + P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302 + P361 + P354: IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately rinse with water for several minutes.

P303 + P361 + P353: If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water or shower.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P354 + P338: IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P317: Get medical help.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide for extinction. DO NOT USE WATER.

P403 + P233 +P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Hydrogen chloride may be formed by reaction with water and

moisture in air.

Response:

Storage:

Disposal:

OSHA/HCS Status:

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified [HNOC]:

### Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

**Synonyms**: Hexachloropropanedisiloxane; Perchlorodisiloxane; HCDSO.

Formula :  $CI_6OSi_2$ 

Molecular Weight : 284.89 g/mol

Ingredient Name	%	CAS Number
<u>Hexachlorodisiloxane</u>	≥ 99	14986-21-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First Aid Measures

#### **Description of Necessary First Aid Measures**

General Advice: Move out of dangerous area. Get medical help. Show this safety data sheet to

the doctor in attendance. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Rinse for a minimum of 15 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses after initial rinse period and continue rinsing for an additional 15

minutes. Keep eyes wide open during rinsing process. Get medical help.

Skin Contact: Remove all contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off contaminated skin with

soap and plenty of water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy/discard contaminated shoes. In

the event of complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get medical help.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Rescuer should wear a mask or self-contained breathing apparatus if

it is suspected that fumes are still present. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical help. In the case of inhalation of decomposition products from a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed

person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Remove dentures if any. If vomiting

occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical help.

#### Section 4. First Aid Measures

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute And Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

Product reacts with water and moisture in the air to release hydrogen chloride, **Eye Contact:** 

> the principal reaction product which may be expected to cause acute injury to any exposed body tissues. Direct contact with product may be expected to produce severe chemical burns to the eye tissues which may result in permanent eye damage and vision loss. Vapors and mists may be expected to be extremely irritating to the eyes. Symptoms may include heavy tearing, sensitivity to light,

pain, burns and temporary/permanent loss of vision.

Inhalation: Inhalation of product may be expected to cause chemical burns of mucous

> membranes of the upper respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, choking, dizziness, headaches, nausea and shortness of breath. Inhalation of a large quantity of liquid vapors or mists may be extremely hazardous and may

result in death.

**Skin Contact:** Skin contact with this product may be expected to cause chemical burns of

exposed tissues. Symptoms may include redness, pain, swelling and tissue

necrosis.

Ingestion of product can produce burns of the mouth, throat, esophagus and Ingestion:

digestive tract potentially resulting in perforated viscus with subsequent chemical

pleuritic, mediastinitis, peritonitis and death. Initial symptoms may include

nausea, pain, and vomiting.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically. Airway problems may arise from

> laryngeal edema and inhalation exposure. Depending on degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is indicated. The symptoms of lung edema often do not

manifest until a few hours have passed and are aggravated

by physical effort.

**Specific Treatments:** No specific treatment.

**Protection of First Responders:** No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk

> without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**See Toxicological Information (Section 11)** 

### Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

THE MOST FEFECTIVE FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT IS DRY Suitable Extinguishing Media:

CHEMICAL POWDER PRESSURIZED WITH NITROGEN.

Vermiculite, sand, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) may

also be used.

### Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use water (fog, spray or jet) as product will react to

release hydrogen chloride.

Unusual Fire and This material reacts with water and moisture in the air to release hydrogen chloride and in some instances, hydrogen

gas. Product reacts with mild steel, galvanized steel/zinc to release hydrogen gas which may form an explosive mixture

with air.

**Product of Combustion:** Products released under fire conditions include hydrogen

chloride, organic acid vapors and silicon oxides.

**Protection of Firefighters:** Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the

vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Move containers from fire area if process can be accomplished without risk to firefighters. To reduce the possibility of explosion, use a water spray or fog to reduce direct vapors and to cool unopened containers. Do not cut, grind, drill or weld on or near product containers (even empty) of this

product because an explosion may result.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep

unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors, and gases. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear respiratory protection. Put on

appropriate personal protective equipment.

For Emergency Responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take

note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency

Personnel".

**Environmental Precautions:** Do not allow dispersal of spilled material and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers,

waterways, soil or air).

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Methods for Containment

General: Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Move containers

from spill area if safe to do so. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of collected spillage in accordance with federal, state and local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

same hazard as the spilled product.

Small Spill: Collect spillage with a dry, non-combustible, absorbent material

(e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place

in dry, sealed container for disposal.

Large Spill: Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers,

water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with a dry, non-combustible, absorbent material (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place

in dry, sealed container for disposal.

Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions: Product is air/moisture sensitive; handle under an inert gas.

Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Keep away from water and moist air. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid the formation and inhalation of sprays, mists, vapors and gases. Do not ingest.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Protective Measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section

8). Keep in the original container kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be

hazardous. Do not reuse container.

General Occupational Hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas

where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers

should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective

equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for

additional information on hygiene measures.

**Safe Storage Conditions:** Product is air/moisture sensitive; store under an inert gas.

Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is

recommended. Keep away from water and moist air.

### Section 7. Handling and Storage

Safe Storage Conditions (cont.):

Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials noted above and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store locked up.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

**Introductory Remarks:** 

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. While developing safe handling procedures, do not overlook the need to clean equipment and conduct regular repairs. Waste from these procedures should be handled in accordance with Section 13.

**Occupational Exposure Limits:** 

Product contains no substances with occupational exposure

limit values.

**Engineering Controls:** 

Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute. Provide an eyewash/shower station.

**Environmental Exposure Controls:** 

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual Protection Measures**

**Hygiene Measures:** 

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately. Do not inhale sprays, vapors, gases or mists. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/Face Protection:** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles, faceshield (8-inch minimum). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133, ANSI Z87.1, or European Standard EN166.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

**Skin Protection** 

**Hand Protection:** 

Other Skin Protection:

**Respiratory Protection:** 

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical-resistant gloves.

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. For full contact, use Neoprene or nitrile rubber.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Physical State:** Liquid.

Color: Straw colored.

Acrid, hydrogen chloride like. Odor:

**Odor Threshold:** No data available. No data available. pH:

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#### Physical and Chemical Properties Section 9.

**Freezing Point:** <0 °C (<32 °F). **Boiling Point:** 137 °C (278.6 °F). 18 °C (64.4 °F). Flash Point: No data available. **Auto-ignition temperature:** 

1.575. **Specific Gravity:** 

**Vapor Pressure:** 1.5 mm Hg @ 0 °C.

**Relative Vapor Density:** >5 @ 20 °C.

Water Solubility: Reacts, hydrolyzes. No data available. **Evaporation Rate:** No data available. **Viscosity:** 

### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

This product reacts with moisture in the air, water and Reactivity: compounds containing active hydrogen such as alcohols

and acids.

**Chemical Stability:** This product is stable when stored under a dry, inert

> atmosphere and away from heat. Nitrogen containing less than 5 ppm each moisture and air is recommended.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Keep away from water and moist air.

Water, organic/inorganic acids, ammonia, compounds **Incompatible Materials:** 

> containing active hydrogen such as alcohols and acids. Product reacts with mild steel, galvanized steel/zinc to produce hydrogen gas which may form an explosive

mixture with air.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

> decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: hydrogen chloride, organic acid vapors and silicon oxides. In the event of a fire: see section 5.

Under normal conditions of storage and use noted above, **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** 

hazardous reactions will not occur.

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

**Information on Toxicological Effects** 

: No specific data available. **Acute Toxicity** 

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### Section 11. Toxicological Information

Irritation/Corrosion

: No specific data available. Product causes chemical burns to the skin, eyes and exposed mucous membranes.

**Sensitization** 

: No specific data available.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

: No effects identified.

**Carcinogenity** 

IARC

: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

**ACGIH** 

: No component of this product present at levels greater

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by ACGIH.

**NTP** 

: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by NTP.

**OSHA** 

: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by OSHA.

**Reproductive Toxicity** 

: This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

**Teratogenicity** 

: No specific data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

: Respiratory tract irritation/damage through chemical burns.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

: No specific data available.

**Aspiration Hazard** 

: No specific data available.

Information on the Likely Routes of Exposure

: Common routes of exposure: inhalation, dermal (failure to use skin protection), eye (failure to use safety eyewear). Less common: ingestion (failure to employ recommended hygiene measures (e.g. smoking or eating after handling product without washing hands or using hand protection).

**Additional Information** 

: To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated. Product has not been classified as harmful or toxic if ingested or inhaled due to the absence of relevant animal/human test data.

### Section 12. Ecological Information

: No specific data available.

: No specific data available.

**Numerical Measures of Toxicity** 

Toxicity to Fish

**Toxicity to Daphnia and Other** 

**Aquatic Invertebrates** 

Toxicity to Algae : No specific data available.

**Persistence and Degradability** 

**Biodegradability** : No specific data available.

Bioaccumulative potential : No specific data available.

Mobility in Soil : No specific data available.

Other Adverse Effects : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the

event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Product

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Refer to 40 CFR 260-299 for complete waste disposal regulations. Consult your local, state, or federal agency before disposing of any chemicals.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Empty containers retain product residue (liquids, vapors and gases) and can be dangerous. Dispose of as unused product. DO NOT EXPOSE OPENED/EMPTY CONTAINERS TO MOISTURE, WATER OR SOURCES OF IGNITION.

### Section 14. Transport Information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	UN 2985	UN 2985	UN 2985
UN Proper	Chlorosilanes,	CHLOROSILANES,	Chlorosilanes,
Shipping Name	corrosive, flammable,	CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE,	corrosive, flammable,
	n.o.s.	N.O.S.	n.o.s.
	(Hexachlorodisiloxane)	(HEXACHLORODISILOXANE)	(Hexachlorodisiloxane)
Transport Hazard	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
Classes			
Packing Group	П	П	П
Environmental	-	-	-
Hazards			
Additional	-	EMS-No: F-E, S-C	IATA Passenger: Not
Information			permitted for transport.
			IATA Cargo: Permitted
			for transport.

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### Section 14. Transport Information

#### **Special Precautions for User**

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Transporting in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not applicable.

# Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act):

This product is listed on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Inventory (TSCA Inventory).

#### **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

#### **SARA 313 Components**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard (Flammable liquid), Acute Health Hazard (Skin corrosion or irritation; Serious eye damage or eye irritation; Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT), single exposure: respiratory tract irritation).

#### Massachusetts Right to Know Components

No components are subject to Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

#### Pennsylvania Right to Know Components

No components are subject to Pennsylvania Right to Know Act.

#### **New Jersey Right to Know Components**

No components are subject to New Jersey Right to Know Act.

#### **California Proposition 65 Components**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

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#### Section 16. Other Information

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright © 2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **HMIS Rating**

HEALTH	3
FLAMMABILITY	3
PHYSICAL HAZARD	1

#### **History**

Date of Issue/Date of Revision : 10/10/2023 : 9/22/2022 Date of Previous Issue : None available. References

#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

DOT: US Department of Transportation.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System.

HNOC: Hazards Not Otherwise Classified.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

#### Section 16. Other Information

#### Abbreviations and Acronyms (cont.)

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (US National Institute for Occupation Health and Safety (NIOSH)).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health.

NTP: National Toxicology Program.

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development.

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit.

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limits. REL: Recommended Exposure Limits.

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (ACGIH)

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH).

TWA: Time Weighted Average. VOC: Volatile Organic Compound.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Ereztech LLC regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Ereztech LLC shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.