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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Section 1. Identification

Product Name:	Tantalum(V) chloride anhydrous
Product Type:	Solid
CAS Number:	7721-01-9
Product Number:	TA1019
Product Manufacturer:	Ereztech LLC 11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100 Johns Creek, GA 30097
Product Information:	(888) 658-1221
In Case of an Emergency:	CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA); +1 703-527-3887 (International); CCN8

424-9300 (USA); International); CCN836180 \*\*\* Contact manufacturer for all non-emergency calls.

### Section 2. Hazards Identification

**Appearance/Odor: Classification:** 

Off-white powder, odor not determined. ACUTE TOXICITY, ORAL - Category 4, H302 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B, H314 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1, H318 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY, SINGLE EXPOSURE; **RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION – Category 3, H335** 

**GHS Label Elements** Hazard Pictograms:

Signal Word: Hazard Statements:

**Precautionary statements** Prevention:

#### DANGER

- H302: Harmful if swallowed.
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

P260: Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P264 + P265: Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

Sect	ion 2. Hazards Identification
Prevention (cont.):	<ul> <li>P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P271: Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.</li> <li>P280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> </ul>
Response:	<ul> <li>P301 + P317: IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.</li> <li>P301 + P330 + P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.</li> <li>P302 + P361 + P354: IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately rinse with water for several minutes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P305 + P354 + P338: IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>P316: Get emergency medical help immediately.</li><li>P330: Rinse mouth.</li><li>P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li></ul>
Storage:	<ul> <li>P403 + P233: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P405: Store locked up.</li> </ul>
Disposal:	P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.
OSHA/HCS Status:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified [HNOC]:	None identified.

### Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Synonyms Formula Molecular Weight	: Tantalum pentachloride; : TaCl <sub>5</sub> : 358.21 g/mol					
Ingredient Name		%	CAS Number			

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Tantalum(V) chloride anhydrous

7721-01-9

≥ 98

### Section 4. First Aid Measures

#### Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

- **General Advice:** Move out of dangerous area. Get immediate medical help. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical help immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- **Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Rinse for a minimum of 15 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses after initial rinse period and continue rinsing for an additional 15 minutes. Keep eyes wide open during rinsing process. Get immediate medical help.
- Skin Contact: Remove all contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off contaminated skin with plenty of water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy/discard contaminated shoes. In the event of complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get immediate medical help.
- Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rescuer should wear a mask or self-contained breathing apparatus if it is suspected that fumes are still present. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get immediate medical help. In the case of inhalation of decomposition products from a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Remove dentures if any. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical help.

#### Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute And Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

- **Eye Contact:** Causes severe eye damage. Symptoms may include itching, watering and redness, severe pain and temporary/permanent loss of vision.
- Inhalation: Symptoms may include burning/itching sensation in sinuses and throat, coughing, shortness of breath, difficulty in breathing, nausea and headaches.
- Skin Contact: Product is corrosive to skin. Symptoms may include burning, itching, pain, redness, blistering and tissue necrosis.
- Ingestion: Compounds released when product is exposed to moisture/water may be expected to be corrosive to mucous membranes and tissues of the mouth, esophagus and digestive tract. Symptoms may include burning, nausea, vomiting and abdominal pain.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If NecessaryNotes to Physician:Treat symptomatically.

### Section 4. First Aid Measures

**Specific Treatments:** 

No specific treatment.

**Protection of First Responders:** 

No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures					
General Hazards:	Product reacts with water to release hydrogen chloride.				
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	THE MOST EFFECTIVE FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT IS DRY CHEMICAL POWDER PRESSURIZED WITH NITROGEN. Vermiculite, sand, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) may also be used.				
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: DO NOT USE WATER OR FOAM as product reacts to produce hydrogen chloride gas.					
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	None identified.				
Product of Combustion:	Hydrogen chloride and tantalum oxides. Irritating/corrosive fumes may be generated during exposure to elevated temperatures or open flame.				
Protection of Firefighters:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Avoid the formation and				
	inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.				

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors, and gases. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear respiratory protection. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Section 6.	Accidental Release Measures
For Emergency Responders:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency Personnel".
Environmental Precautions:	Do not allow dispersal of spilled material and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods for Containment	
General:	Move containers from spill area if safe to do so. Avoid the formation and inhalation of dusts and aerosols. Dispose of collected spillage in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
Small Spill:	Collect spillage with a dry, binding material (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed container for disposal.
Large Spill:	Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with a dry, binding material (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed container for disposal.
	Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions:	Product is moisture sensitive; handle under a dry, inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Avoid formation and inhalation of dusts and aerosols. Keep container tightly sealed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid prolonged exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Protective Measures:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Keep in the original container kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
General Occupational Hygiene:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

### Section 7. Handling and Storage

General Occupational Hygiene: (cont.)

Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Safe Storage Conditions:Product is moisture sensitive; store under an inert gas.<br/>Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is<br/>recommended. Store in original container protected from direct<br/>sunlight in a dry and well-ventilated area, away from<br/>incompatible materials noted above and food and drink. Keep<br/>container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store<br/>locked up.

# Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Introductory Remarks: Occupational Exposure Limits:	These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. While developing safe handling procedures, do not overlook the need to clean equipment and conduct regular repairs. Waste from these procedures should be handled in accordance with Section 13. Product contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.
Engineering Controls:	Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute. Provide an eyewash/shower station.
Environmental Exposure Controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual Protection Measures	
Hygiene Measures:	Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Wash all exposed skin (hands, forearms and face) thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately. Do not inhale dusts, aerosols, vapors or gases.

Section 8. Exp	osure Controls/Personal Protection
Hygiene Measures (cont.):	Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/Face Protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to dusts, aerosols, vapors or sprays. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles, faceshield (8-inch minimum). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133, ANSI Z87.1, or European Standard EN166.
Skin Protection	
Hand Protection:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical-resistant gloves.
	Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. For full contact, use Neoprene or nitrile rubber.
Other Skin Protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory Protection:	Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).
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# Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State:	Solid.
Color:	Off-white.
Odor:	No data available.
Odor Threshold:	No data available.
pH:	No data available.
Melting Point:	221 °C (429.8 °F).
Boiling Point:	242 °C (467.6 °F) @ 760 mmHg.
Flammability:	Non-flammable.
Relative Density:	3.68 g/cm <sup>3</sup> @ 25 °C (77 °F).
Vapor Pressure:	No data available.
Vapor Density:	No data available.
Water Solubility:	0.396 mg/L @ 20 °C (68 °F).

# Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:	This product reacts with water and compounds containing active hydrogen such as alcohols and acids to produce hydrogen chloride.		
Chemical Stability:	This product is stable when stored under a dry, inert atmosphere and away from heat. Nitrogen containing less than 5 ppm each moisture and air is recommended.		
Conditions to Avoid:	Exposure to water/moisture.		
Incompatible Materials: G I N G	Water, compounds containing active hydrogen (alcohols, acids) and strong oxidizing agents.		
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	In contact with water, product reacts to produce hydrogen chloride. Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: hydrogen chloride and tantalum oxide fumes. In the event of a fire: see section 5.		
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use noted above, hazardous reactions will not occur. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. In contact with water, product releases hydrogen chloride.		

# Section 11. Toxicological Information

#### Information on Toxicological Effects

#### Acute Toxicity

Component	CAS No		Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Tantalum chloride	7721-01-9		LD50 Oral	Rat	1900 mg/kg	-	
Irritation/Corrosion	tation/Corrosion : In vitro study: corrosive – 4h (OECD Test Guid 431).					ideline	
Sensitization		:	No specific data available.				
Germ Cell Mutagenicity		: No specific data available.					
<b>Carcinogenity</b>							
IARC		: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.					
ACGIH		:	No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by ACGIH.				
NTP	1 /	:	: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by NTP.				
OSHA		:	: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by OSHA.				
Reproductive Toxicity		:	This product is no developmental ef	•	to cause reprod		
Teratogenicity		:	No specific data available.				
Specific Target Organ To (Single Exposure)	oxicity	:	May cause respira	atory irritatio	on.		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)		:	: No specific data available.				
Aspiration Hazard		:	: No specific data available.				
Information on the Likel Routes of Exposure	У	: Common routes of exposure: inhalation (failure to prevent dust formation), dermal (failure to use skin protection), eye (failure to use safety eyewear). Less common: ingestion (failure to employ recommended hygiene measures (e.g. smoking after handling produc without washing hands or using hand protection).				se skin ar). Less mended ng product	
Additional Information	:	Material is extrem skin, mucous me	-		-		

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

Additional Information (cont.)

: If product is ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat may be expected accompanied by the danger of perforation of the esophagus and stomach.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated.

### Section 12. Ecological Information

#### **Numerical Measures of Toxicity**

Component	CAS No	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure
Tantalum chloride anhydrous	7721-01-9	LL50 Fish	Zebra fish	> 100 mg/l*	96 h
		Semi static	Water Flea	3,0860mg/l*	48 h
		ErC50 Static	Green algae	> 2,000 mg/l*	72 h

#### Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradability

**Bioaccumulative Potential** 

- : No specific data available.
- : No specific data available.

: No specific data available.

Mobility in Soil

**Other Adverse Effects** 

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

#### Waste Treatment Methods Product

: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Refer to 40 CFR 260-299 for complete waste disposal regulations. Consult your local, state, or federal agency before disposing of any chemicals.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

: Empty containers retain product residue (dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases) and can be dangerous. Dispose of as unused product.

### Section 14. Transport Information

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN Number	UN 3260	UN 3260	UN 3260
UN Proper	Corrosive solid, acidic,	CORROSIVE SOLID,	Corrosive solid, acidic,
Shipping Name	inorganic, n.o.s.	ACIDIC, INORGANIC,	inorganic, n.o.s.
	(Tantalum pentachloride)	N.O.S. (Tantalum pentachloride)	(Tantalum pentachloride)
Transport Hazard	8	8	8
Classes			
Packing Group	Π	П	П
Environmental	-	-	-
Hazards			
Additional	-	EMS-No: F-A, S-B	-
Information			

**Special Precautions for User** 

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transporting in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not applicable.

### Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### **TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act):**

This product is listed on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Inventory (TSCA Inventory).

#### SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

#### SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard (Acute toxicity – ingestion; Skin corrosion or irritation; Serious eye damage or eye irritation; Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT), single exposure: respiratory irritation).

#### Massachusetts Right to Know Components

No components are subject to Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

#### Pennsylvania Right to Know Components

No components are subject to Pennsylvania Right to Know Act.

### Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### New Jersey Right to Know Components

No components are subject to New Jersey Right to Know Act.

#### **California Proposition 65 Components**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

### Section 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

HMIS Rating		
HEALTH	3	
FLAMMABILITY	0	
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0	
<u>History</u>		
Date of Issue/Date of Revision		: 11/6/2023.
Date of Previous Issue		: 3/19/2020.
References		: None available.

#### Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

### Section 16. Other Information

#### Abbreviations and Acronyms (cont.)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging (European Union (EU)).

DOT: US Department of Transportation.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System.

HNOC: Hazards Not Otherwise Classified.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (US National Institute for Occupation Health and Safety (NIOSH)).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health.

NTP: National Toxicology Program.

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development.

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit.

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limits.

REL: Recommended Exposure Limits.

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

STEL (ST): Short Term Exposure Limit (ACGIH/NIOSH)

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH).

TWA: Time Weighted Average.

VOC: Volatile Organic Compound.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Ereztech LLC regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Ereztech LLC shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.