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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Tris[N,N-bis(trimethylsilyl)amide]yttrium **Product Name:**

Solid **Product Type:**

41836-28-6 **CAS Number:**

Product Number: Y6286

Recommended Use: Laboratory chemicals, synthesis of substances.

Product Manufacturer: Ereztech LLC

11555 Medlock Bridge Road, Suite 100

Johns Creek, GA 30097

Product Information: (888) 658-1221

In Case of an Emergency: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA);

> +1 703-527-3887 (International); CCN836180 *** Contact manufacturer for all non-emergency calls.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

White powder, odor not determined. Appearance/Odor:

Classification: FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1, H228

SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES WHICH, IN CONTACT WITH WATER,

EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES – Category 2, H261

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B, H314

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION – Category 1, H318

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms:



DANGER Signal Word:

H228: Flammable solid. **Hazard Statements:**

> H261: In contact with water releases flammable gas. H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Response:

Storage:

Disposal:

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. - No smoking.

P223: Do not allow contact with water.

P231 + P232: Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/processing equipment.

P260: Do not breathe dusts or aerosols.

P264 + P265: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

P280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/hearing protection.

P301 + P330 + P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302 + P335 + P334: IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin and immerse in cool water.

P302 + P361 + P354: IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately rinse with water for several minutes.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P354 + P338: IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P316: Get emergency medical help immediately. P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use CO₂, dry chemical or foam to extinguish.

P402 + P404: Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with federal,

state and local regulations.

OSHA/HCS Status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Reacts violently with water.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC):

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance Type : Mono-constituent.

Ereztech Y6286 Page 2 of 15 Revision: 1.00

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Synonyms : Yttrium(III) tris[bis(trimethylsilylamide)];

Tris[bis(trimethylsilyl)amido]yttrium; Yttrium(III)

tris(hexamethyldisilazide); Yttrium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide; Yttrium(III) tris[n, n-bis(trimethylsiyl)amide]; Yttrium(3+)

bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, YTDTMSA.

Formula : $C_{18}H_{54}N_3Si_6Y$ Molecular Weight : 570.06 g/mol EC-No. : 625-861-5

Ingredient Name	%	CAS Number
Tris[N,N-bis(trimethylsilyl)amide]yttrium	≥ 98	41836-28-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Description of Necessary First Aid Measures

General Advice: Move out of dangerous area. Get immediate medical help. Show this safety

data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical help immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen

tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Rinse for a minimum of 15 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses after initial rinse period and continue rinsing for an additional 15 minutes. Keep eyes wide open during rinsing process. Get immediate medical

help.

Skin Contact: Remove all contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off contaminated skin with

plenty of water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Thoroughly clean and dry

contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy/discard contaminated shoes. In the

event of complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get immediate

medical help.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Rescuer should

wear a mask or self-contained breathing apparatus if it is suspected that fumes are still present. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get immediate medical help. In the case of inhalation of decomposition products from a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be

kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Remove dentures if any. If vomiting

> occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not attempt to

neutralize. Get immediate medical help.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute And Delayed Potential Acute Health Effects

Eye Contact: Product causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include watering, redness,

pain, swelling of the eyelids, inability to keep eye open, blurred vison and

temporary/permanent loss of vision.

Inhalation: Product is extremely corrosive to mucous membranes and tissues of the upper

> respiratory tract. Symptoms may include a burning sensation, coughing, coughing up blood (hemoptysis), wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath/ difficulty in breathing (dyspnea), blueness (cyanosis) of lips and skin, nausea,

headaches, disorientation, general weakness and loss of consciousness.

Skin Contact: Skin contact with this product may be expected to cause (severe) chemical

burns. Symptoms may include reddening of skin, a burning or itching sensation,

pain, blistering and tissue necrosis.

Ingestion: Ingestion may be expected to result in burns of the mouth and throat and

> potential perforation of the esophagus and stomach. Symptoms may include pain when swallowing (odynophagia), difficulty swallowing (dysphagia), fever, nausea, recurrent vomiting (emesis) and vomiting of blood (hematemesis). Severe burns which may be accompanied by perforation of the esophagus and stomach may present additional symptoms of abdominal pain/rigidity, chest

and/or back pain.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, If Necessary

Treat symptomatically. **Notes to Physician:** No specific treatment. **Specific Treatments:**

Protection of First Responders: No action taken shall be taken involving any personal risk

> without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See Toxicological Information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Product reacts violently with water to produce flammable **General Hazards:**

gases.

THE MOST EFFECTIVE FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT IS DRY **Suitable Extinguishing Media:**

CHEMICAL POWDER PRESSURIZED WITH NITROGEN.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) may also be used.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Product of Combustion:

Protection of Firefighters:

Additional Information:

DO NOT USE WATER OR FOAM as product reacts to produce extremely flammable vapors upon contact with water.

This material reacts with water and compounds containing active hydrogen such as alcohols and acids to produce flammable liquids and gases. Product runoff to sewer may create a fire or explosion hazard. Vapors and gases produced are heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to an ignition source and flashback.

Decomposition products include carbon oxides (CO_x), nitrogen oxides (NO_x) , silicon oxides (SiO_x) and yttrium oxides.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Prevent contact with skin or eyes. Prevent the formation and inhalation of dust, aerosols, vapors and gases.

Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources. Move containers from fire area if process can be accomplished without risk to firefighters. To reduce the possibility of explosion, use a water spray or fog to reduce direct vapors and to cool unopened containers. Do not cut, grind, drill or weld on or near product containers (even empty) of this product because an explosion may result.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear respiratory protection. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

For Emergency Responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For Non-Emergency Personnel".

Environmental Precautions:

Do not allow dispersal of spilled material and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for Containment

General:

Eliminate all local and distant ignition sources – NO SMOKING. Spilled material will likely give off smoke and fumes when exposed to moisture in the air. Move containers from spill area if safe to do so. Prevent the formation and inhalation of dusts and aerosols. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of collected spillage in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Contaminated binding material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

Small Spill:

Collect spillage with a dry, binding material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed container for disposal.

Large Spill:

Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with a dry, binding material (e.g. dry sand, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and place in dry, sealed container for disposal.

Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Product reacts with water/moisture to release flammable gases; handle under a dry, inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Keep away from all sources of ignition – NO SMOKING. Keep container tightly sealed. Prevent contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Prevent the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Do not ingest. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Protective Measures:

Protect against electrostatic discharges. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/handling equipment.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Protective Measures (cont.): Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Put on appropriate

> personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Keep in the original container kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not

reuse container.

General Occupational Hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas

> where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective

> equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for

additional information on hygiene measures.

Product reacts with water/moisture to release flammable **Safe Storage Conditions:**

gases; store under an inert gas. Nitrogen with less than 5 ppm

each of moisture and oxygen is recommended. Store

refrigerated at 2 – 8 °C. Keep away from all sources of ignition NO SMOKING. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Keep container

tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Introductory Remarks:

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Because work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. While developing safe handling procedures, do not overlook the need to clean equipment and conduct regular repairs. Waste from these procedures should be handled in accordance with Section 13.

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	List	Туре	Value
Tris[N,N-bis- (trimethylsilyl)amide)yttrium	41836-28-6	ACGIH	TLV	1 mg/m³ Y TWA
		NIOSH	REL	1 mg/m ³ Y TWA 500 mg/m ³ Y IDLH

Engineering Controls:

Properly operating explosion-proof, chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute. Provide an eyewash/shower station.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Environmental Exposure Controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene Measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately. Prevent the formation and inhalation of dusts, aerosols, vapors and gases. Prevent contact with eyes and skin. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/Face Protection:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to dusts and aerosols. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles, faceshield (8-inch minimum). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133, ANSI Z87.1, or European Standard EN166.

Skin Protection

Hand Protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical-resistant gloves.

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product.

Exposure Controls/Personal Protection Section 8.

Hand Protection (cont.): Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with

> applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. For full contact, wear Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Other Skin Protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection

measures should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static, flame retardant protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots

and gloves.

Respiratory Protection: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are

> appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator

cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as

NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid (powder).

White. Color:

No data available. Odor: No data available. **Odor Threshold:** No data available. pH:

Melting Point: 161 - 166 °C (322 - 331 °F). 105 °C (221 °F) @ 13 hPa. **Boiling Point:** -23.3 °C (-9.9 °F) – closed cup. Flash Point:

Flammability: Category 1 flammable solid.

No data available. **Specific Gravity:** No data available. **Vapor Pressure:** Vapor Density: No data available.

Water Solubility: Insoluble, reacts with water to produce flammable gases.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: This product reacts with air, water and compounds

containing active hydrogen such as alcohols and acids to

release flammable gases.

Chemical Stability: This product is stable when stored under a dry, inert

atmosphere and away from heat. Nitrogen containing less

than 5 ppm each moisture and air and a temperature

range of 2 – 8 °C is recommended.

Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to water/moisture, sources of ignition (heat,

flames, sparks, electrostatic discharges), extremes of

temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire

conditions: carbon oxides (CO_X) , nitrogen oxides (NO_X) , silicon oxides (SiO_X) and yttrium oxide fumes. In the

event of a fire: see section 5.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use noted above,

hazardous reactions will not occur. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of

storage or use. In contact with water/moisture, product

reacts to produce flammable gases.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity

Irritation/Corrosion

: No specific data available.

: No specific data available. Product is extremely

corrosive to eyes, skin and exposed mucous

membranes.

Sensitization

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Carcinogenity

IARC

No specific data available.

: No specific data available.

: No component of this product present at levels greater

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH : No component of this product present at levels greater

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP : No component of this product present at levels greater

than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or

confirmed human carcinogen by NTP.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Carcinogenity (cont.)

OSHA

: No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive Toxicity

Teratogenicity

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

(Repeated Exposure)

Aspiration Hazard

Information on the Likely **Routes of Exposure**

: No specific data available. : No specific data available.

: No specific data available.

: No specific data available.

: No specific data available.

: Common routes of exposure: inhalation (failure to prevent dust formation), dermal (failure to use skin protection), eye (failure to use safety eyewear). Less common: ingestion (failure to employ recommended hygiene measures (e.g. smoking after handling product without washing hands or using hand protection).

: To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated.

Additional Information

Section 12. **Ecological Information**

Numerical Measures of Toxicity

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradability

Bioaccumulative Potential

Mobility in Soil

Other Adverse Effects

: No specific data available.

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Treatment Methods

Product:

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Refer to 40 CFR 260-299 for complete waste disposal regulations. Consult your local, state, or federal agency before disposing of any chemicals.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Contaminated Packaging:

Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapors) and can be dangerous. Dispose of as unused product. DO NOT EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO MOISTURE, HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION: THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Section 14. Transport Information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	UN3396	UN3396	UN3396
UN Proper Shipping Name	Organometallic substance, solid, water-reactive, flammable (Tris[N,N- bis(trimethylsilyl) amide]yttrium)	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (Tris[N,N-bis(trimethylsilyl) amide]yttrium)	Organometallic substance, solid, water-reactive, flammable (Tris[N,N- bis(trimethylsilyl) amide]yttrium)
Transport Hazard Classes	4.3(4.1)	4.3(4.1)	4.3(4.1)
Packing Group	11	JI (U
Environmental Hazards			
Additional Information		EMS-No: F-G, S-N	

Special Precautions for User

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transporting in Bulk According: Not applicable. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act)

This product is not listed on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Inventory (TSCA Inventory). Use of this product is restricted to research and development only. This product must be used under the supervision of a technically qualified individual as defined by the TSCA. This product must not be used for commercial purposes or in formulations for commercial purposes.

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard (Flammable liquid), Reactive Hazard (In contact with water emits flammable gas), Acute Health Hazard (Skin Corrosion or Irritation; Serious Eye Damage or Eye Irritation).

Massachusetts Right to Know Components

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Yttrium	7440-65-5	4/24/1993
Pennsylvania Right to Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Yttrium	7440-65-5	4/24/1993
New Jersey Right to Know Components		
4	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Yttrium	7440-65-5	4/24/1993

California Proposition 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other Information

Copyright © 2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

HMIS Rating



History

Date of Issue/Date of Revision : 8/5/2024

Date of Previous Issue : None.

References : None available.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate (per Chapter 3.1 of GHS 10 standard).

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging (European Union (EU)).

DOT: US Department of Transportation.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System.

HNOC: Hazards Not Otherwise Classified.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (US National Institute for Occupation Health and Safety (NIOSH)).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health.

NTP: National Toxicology Program.

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-Operation and Development.

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit.

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PBT: Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limits.

REL: Recommended Exposure Limits.

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act. STEL (ST): Short Term Exposure Limit (ACGIH/NIOSH)

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

Section 16. Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms (cont.)

TLV: Threshold Limit Values (ACGIH).

TWA: Time Weighted Average. VOC: Volatile Organic Compound.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Disclaimer

The information herein is believed to be accurate and is presented in good faith; however, no warranties or representations are made by Ereztech LLC regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information. Ereztech LLC shall not be liable for any damages resulting from the handling, or from the contact with the above product.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

